Features

- 2-channel isolated barrier
- 24 V DC supply (Power Rail)
- Thermocouple, RTD, potentiometer or voltage input
- Voltage output 0/1 V ... 5 V
- · Configurable by PACTware
- Line fault (LFD) and sensor burnout detection
- Up to SIL 2 acc. to IEC 61508/IEC 61511

Function

This isolated barrier is used for intrinsic safety applications. It is designed to connect RTDs, thermocouples, or potentiometers in the hazardous area, and provide a proportional 0/1 V... 5 V signal to the safe area.

The barrier offers 3-port isolation between input, output, and power supply.

A removable terminal block K-CJC-** is available for thermocouples when internal cold junction compensation is desired

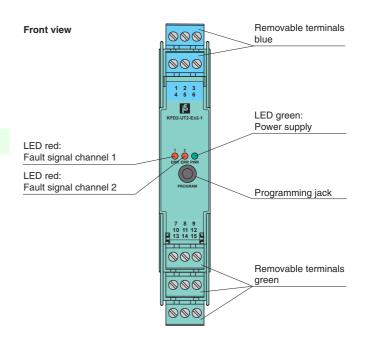
A fault is indicated by a red flashing LED per NAMUR NE44 and user-configured fault outputs.

The unit is easily programmed with the **PACT**ware[™] configuration software.

A collective error messaging feature is available when used with the Power Rail system.

For additional information, refer to the manual and www.pepperl-fuchs.com.

Assembly

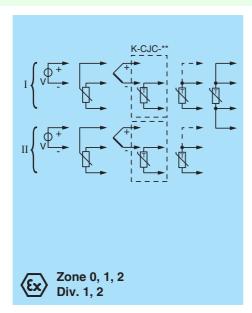


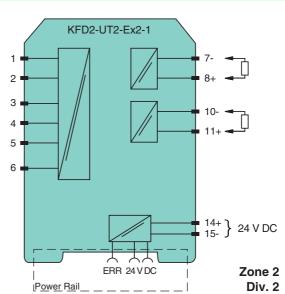




SIL2

Connection





Andrews
Analog input
terminals 14+, 15- or power feed module/Power Rail
20 30 V DC
within the supply tolerance
≤ 0.8 W / 0.8 W
terminals 1, 2, 3; 4, 5, 6
type Pt10, Pt50, Pt100, Pt500, Pt1000 (EN 60751: 1995) type Pt10GOST, Pt50GOST, Pt100GOST, Pt500GOST, Pt1000GOST (6651-94) type Cu10, Cu50, Cu100 (P50353-92) type Ni100 (DIN 43760)
approx. 200 μA with RTD
2-, 3-wire connection
\leq 50 Ω per line
sensor breakage, sensor short-circuit
type B, E, J, K, N, R, S, T (IEC 584-1: 1995) type L (DIN 43710: 1985) type TXK, TXKH, TXA (P8.585-2001)
external and internal
sensor breakage
$0 \dots 20 \text{ k}\Omega$ (2-wire connection), $0.8 \dots 20 \text{ k}\Omega$ (3-wire connection)
selectable within the range -100 100 mV
≥ 1 MΩ (-100 100 mV)
$0 \dots 5 \text{ V or } 1 \dots 5 \text{ V}$; output resistance: $\leq 5 \Omega$; load: $\geq 10 \text{ k}\Omega$
output I: terminals 7-, 8+ output II: terminals 10-, 11+
downscale 0 V or 0.5 V, upscale 5.375 V
Pt100: ± (0.06 % of measurement value in K + 0.1 K (4-wire connection)) thermocouple: ± (0.05 % of measurement value in °C + 1 K (1.2 K for types R and S)) this includes ± 0.8 K error of the cold junction compensation mV: ± 50 μV potentiometer: ± 0.05 % of full scale, (excludes errors due to lead resistance) output: 1 to 5 V output: ± 4 mV from 0 to 103.1 % of span; 0 to 5 V output: ± 4 mV from 0.3 to 102.5 % of span
deviation of CJC included: Pt100: \pm (0.0015 % of measurement value in K + 0.0075 % of span)/K ΔT_{amb}^{*}) thermocouple: \pm (0.02 K + 0.005 % of measurement value in °C + 0.0075 % of span)/K ΔT_{amb}^{*}) mV: \pm (0.01 % of measurement value + 0.0075 % of span)/K ΔT_{amb}^{*}) potentiometer: \pm 0.0075 % of span/K ΔT_{amb}^{*})
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deviation of CJC included: $\frac{\text{Pt}100\text{:}}{\text{Pt}100\text{:}} \pm (0.0015 \% \text{of measurement value in K} + 0.0075 \% \text{of span}/\text{K} \Delta T_{amb}^{*}) \\ \text{thermocouple:} \pm (0.02 \text{K} + 0.005 \% \text{of measurement value in }^{\circ}\text{C} + 0.0075 \% \text{of span}/\text{K} \Delta T_{amb}^{*}) \\ \text{mV:} \pm (0.01 \% \text{of measurement value} + 0.0075 \% \text{of span}/\text{K} \Delta T_{amb}^{*}) \\ \text{potentiometer:} \pm 0.0075 \% \text{of span/K} \Delta T_{amb}^{*}) \\ \text{`}^{1)} \Delta T_{amb} = \text{ambient temperature change referenced to 23 °C (296 \text{K})} \\ \text{<} 0.01 \% \text{of span} \\ \text{worst case value (sensor breakage and/or sensor short circuit detection enabled)} \\ \text{mV:} 1.2 \text{s, thermocouples with CJC:} 1.4 \text{s, thermocouples with fixed ref. temp:} 1.4 \text{s, 3- or 4-wire RTD:} 1.1 \text{s, wire RTD:} 920 \text{ms, Potentiometer:} 3-\text{wire connection} 2.8 \text{s, 2-wire connection} 2.25 \text{s} \\ \text{functional insulation, rated insulation voltage} 50 \text{V AC}} \\ \text{There is no electrical isolation between the programming input and the supply.}} \\ \text{The programming cable provides galvanic isolation so that ground loops are avoided.}}$
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EU-Type Examination Certificate		CESI 04 ATEX 143
Marking		⟨⟨⟨x⟩ (1)G [Ex ia Ga]
Input		Exia
Inputs		terminals 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 (for passive equipment)
Voltage	U_o	9 V
Current	I _o	22 mA
Power	P_{o}	50 mW
Analog outputs, power supply, collective error		
Maximum safe voltage	U _m	250 V (Attention! This is not the rated voltage.)
Interface		
Maximum safe voltage	U _m	250 V (Attention! The rated voltage is lower.), RS 232
Certificate		TÜV 02 ATEX 1797 X
Marking		€x 3G Ex nA
Galvanic isolation		
Input/Other circuits		safe electrical isolation acc. to IEC/EN 60079-11, voltage peak value 375 V
Directive conformity		
Directive 2014/34/EU		EN 60079-0:2012+A11:2013, EN 60079-11:2012, EN 60079-15:2010, EN 50303:2000
International approvals		
UL approval		
Control drawing		116-0316
CSA approval		
Control drawing		366-024CS-12 (cCSAus)
IECEx approval		
IECEx certificate		IECEX TUN 07.0003 IECEX CML 16.0126X
IECEx marking		[Ex ia Ga] IIC [Ex ia Da] IIIC [Ex ia Ma] I Ex nA IIC T4 Gc
General information		
Supplementary information		Observe the certificates, declarations of conformity, instruction manuals, and manuals where applicable. For information see www.pepperl-fuchs.com.

Accessories

Power feed module KFD2-EB2

The power feed module is used to supply the devices with 24 V DC via the Power Rail. The fuse-protected power feed module can supply up to 150 individual devices depending on the power consumption of the devices. A galvanically isolated mechanical contact uses the Power Rail to transmit collective error messages.

Power Rail UPR-03

The Power Rail UPR-03 is a complete unit consisting of the electrical inset and an aluminium profile rail 35 mm x 15 mm. To make electrical contact, the devices are simply engaged.

Profile Rail K-DUCT with Power Rail

The profile rail K-DUCT is an aluminum profile rail with Power Rail insert and two integral cable ducts for system and field cables. Due to this assembly no additional cable guides are necessary.



Power Rail and Profile Rail must not be fed via the device terminals of the individual devices!

K-CJC-**

This removable terminal block with integrated temperature measurement sensor is needed for internal cold junction compensation for thermocouples. One K-CJC-** is needed for each channel.

PACT*ware*[™]

Device-specific drivers (DTM)

Adapter K-ADP-USB

Programming adapter for parameterisation via the serial USB interface of a PC/Notebook