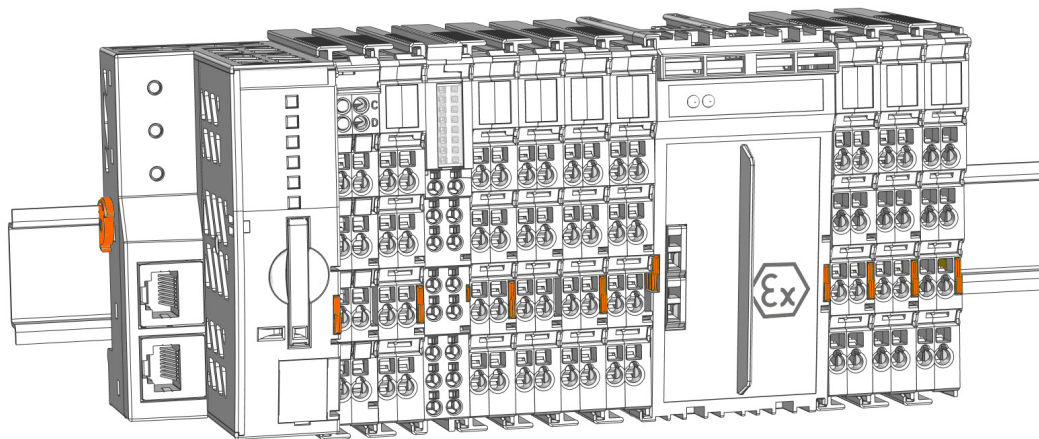


WAGO I/O System 750

Decentralized Automation Technology

Serie 750, 753



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Every conceivable measure has been taken to ensure the accuracy and completeness of this documentation. However, as errors can never be fully excluded, we always appreciate any information or suggestions for improving the documentation.

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We wish to point out that the software and hardware terms as well as the trademarks of companies used and/or mentioned in the present manual are generally protected by trademark or patent.

WAGO is a registered trademark of WAGO Verwaltungsgesellschaft mbH.

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Provisions

This documentation applies to the I/O system:

WAGO I/O System 750/753 (Series 750, 753).





Note

Observe the applicable documentation!

This documentation is part of the complete Instructions for use for the WAGO I/O System 750/753. These products must only be installed and operated according to the instructions of the complete Instructions for use. Knowledge of the complete Instructions for use is a precondition for intended use.

1. Carefully read the System Manual.
2. Carefully read the Product manuals of the products used.

Table 1: Complete instructions for use

Document Type	Contents
 System Manual	Contains all cross-product information for a system.
 Product Manual	Contains all the product-specific information for a product.
 Instruction leaflet	Is included with each product. Contains initial information on safe handling of the product.
 Data Sheet	Contains the technical data and approvals / certificates for a product.

All documentation is available at:  www.wago.com /<item number>.

Note

Cross-product information

Individual products may have features and functions other than those described here. Not all features and functions described here are available in every product.

1.1 Intended Use

The I/O system is used to receive digital and analog signals from sensors and to control actuators. Higher-level controllers can be communicated with through fieldbus interfaces. The signals can be (pre-)processed with the controllers.

The products are open equipment and are designed for installation in an additional enclosure. Protective measures suitable for the specific application area and application must be implemented.

- The products are intended for installation in automation technology systems.
- These products fulfill the requirements of protection type IP20 and are designed for use in dry interior spaces.
- Operation of the products in industrial areas is permitted.
- The products used fulfill the EMC requirements for large and small commercial and business areas as well as residential areas when they maintain the required limits for electromagnetic interference emission (EMC).

- Operation of the product in other application areas is only permitted when corresponding approvals and labeling are present.

Improper Use

Improper use of the products is not permitted. Specifically, improper use occurs in the following cases:

- Non-observance of the intended use.
- Use without protective measures in an environment in which moisture, salt water, salt spray mist, dust, corrosive fumes, gases, direct sunlight or ionizing radiation can occur.
- Use of the products in areas with special risk that require flawless continuous operation and in which failure or operation of the product can result in an imminent risk to life, limb or health or cause serious damage to property or the environment (such as the operation of nuclear power plants, weapon systems, aircraft and motor vehicles).

Warranty and Liability

The terms set forth in the General Business & Contract Conditions for Delivery and Service of WAGO Kontakttechnik GmbH & Co. KG and the terms for software products and products with integrated software stated in the WAGO Software License Contract – both available at www.wago.com – shall apply. In particular, the warranty is void if:

- The products are used improperly.
- The deficiency (hardware and software configurations) is due to special instructions.
- Modifications to the hardware or software have been made by the user or third parties that are not described in this documentation and that has contributed to the fault.

Individual agreements always have priority.

Obligations of Installers/Operators

The installers and operators bear responsibility for the safety of an installation or a system assembled with the products. The installer/operator is responsible for proper installation and safety of the system. All laws, standards, guidelines, local regulations and accepted technology standards and practices applicable at the time of installation, and the instructions in the the products' Instructions for Use, must be complied with. In addition, the Installation regulations specified by Approvals must be observed. In the event of non-compliance, the products may not be operated within the scope of the approval.

1.2 Typographical Conventions

Number Notation





100	Decimals: Normal notation
0x64	Hexadecimals: C-notation
'100'	Binary: In single quotation marks
'0110.0100'	Nibbles separated by a period

Text Formatting

<i>italic</i>	Names of paths or files
bold	Menu items, entry or selection fields, emphasis
Code	Sections of program code
>	Selection of a menu point from a menu

"Value"	Value entries
[F5]	Identification of buttons or keys

Cross References / Links

	Cross references/links to a topic in a document
	Cross references / links to a separate document
	Cross references / links to a website
	Cross references / links to an email address

Action Instructions

- ✓ This symbol identifies a precondition.
- 1. Action step
- 2. Action step
 - ⇒ This symbol identifies an intermediate result.
- ⇒ This symbol identifies the result of an action.

Lists

- Lists, first level
 - Lists, second level

Figures

Figures in this documentation are for better understanding and may differ from the actual product design.

Notes

DANGER

Type and source of hazard

Possible consequences of hazard that also include death or irreversible injury

- Action step to reduce risk

WARNING

Type and source of hazard

Possible consequences of hazard that also include severe injury

- Action step to reduce risk

CAUTION

Type and source of hazard

Possible consequences of hazard that include at least slight injury

- Action step to reduce risk

! NOTICE**Type and source of malfunction (property damage only)**

Possible malfunctions that may restrict the product's scope of functions or ergonomics, but do not lead to foreseeable risks to persons

- Action step to reduce risk


i Note**Notes and information**

Indicates information, clarifications, recommendations, referrals, etc.

1.3 Legal Information

Intellectual Property


Unless barred by applicable legal provisions, unauthorized copying and distribution of this document, as well as the use and communication of its content are strictly prohibited unless expressly authorized by prior agreement. Third-party products are always mentioned without any reference to patent rights. WAGO Kontakttechnik GmbH & Co. KG, or for third-party products, their manufacturer, retain all rights regarding patent, utility model or design registration.

Third-party trademarks are referred to in the product documentation. The “®” and “™” symbols are omitted hereinafter. The trademarks are listed in the Appendix ( **Protected Rights [▶ 52]**).

Subject to Change

The instructions, guidelines, standards, etc., in this manual correspond to state of the art at the time the documentation was created and are not subject to updating service. The installer and operator bear sole responsibility to ensure they are complied with in their currently applicable form. WAGO Kontakttechnik GmbH & Co. KG retains the right to carry out technical changes and improvements of the products and the data, specifications and illustrations of this manual. All claims for change or improvement of products that have already been delivered – excepting change or improvement performed under guarantee agreement – are excluded.

Licenses

The products may contain open-source software. The requisite license information is saved in the products. This information is also available under  www.wago.com.

Safety

2.1 General Safety Regulations

- This documentation is part of the Products. Retain the documentation for the entire service life of the Products. Pass on the documentation to any subsequent user of the Products. In addition, ensure that any supplement to this documentation is included, if necessary.
- The Products must only be installed and put into operation by qualified electrical specialists per EN 50110-1/-2 and IEC 60364.
- Comply with the laws, standards, guidelines, local regulations and accepted technology standards and practices applicable at the time of installation.

2.2 Electrical Safety

- Make sure the products do not carry any voltage before starting work.

Power supply

- Use safe extra-low voltage with separation (SELV, PELV) for all voltages with a nominal value of 24 VDC.
- When configuring the system, make sure that the maximum total current of the field supply of the node is not exceeded. Where needed, include an additional supply module.
- When configuring the system, make sure that the maximum total current of the system supply of the node is not exceeded. Where needed, include an additional supply module.
- Connecting impermissible current or frequency values may destroy the products.
- Plan for voltage buffering if the requirement for voltage buffering according to EN 61131-2 is to be met.
- Take suitable measures to protect against overload (e.g., a supply module with fuse or an external fuse).
- In mixed operation, always separate the areas in the XTR version and the areas with the standard version with the separate potential supply modules for the field supply and separate power supply units of the respective version in different potential groups. Do not mix the versions within these potential groups.

Grounding/Protection/Fuses

- Establish sufficient grounding. Make sure there is a flawless electrical connection between the DIN-rail and frame / additional enclosure.
- For UL-approved systems, use fuses with UL approval only .

Cables

- Maintain spacing between control, signal and data lines and the power supply lines.
- Observe permissible temperature range of connecting cables.
- You must only connect one conductor to each clamping unit.

Protection

- When working on the system (e.g., during maintenance), protect the Facility part in question from accidental or unauthorized restart.

2.3 Mechanical Safety

- Before start-up, check the product for any damage that may have occurred during shipping. Do not put the product into operation if there is any mechanical damage.
- Do not open the product housing.
- Do not touch the power jumper contacts.
- Avoid conductive contamination.

2.4 Thermal Safety

- The temperature inside the additional enclosure must not exceed the surrounding air temperature permitted for the mounted products.

2.5 Indirect Safety

- Do not use any contact spray for cleaning.
- Clean product housings and soiled contacts with propanol.
- The products are not resistant to materials having seeping and insulating properties such as aerosols, silicones and triglycerides (found in some hand creams). If these substances occur in the environment of the products, install the products in an additional housing that is also resistant to these substances.
- Replace any defective or damaged devices.
- Do not place products on the data or power jumper contacts.
- If product fails, communication to downstream products may be interrupted.
- Products from the WAGO I/O System 750/753 can be operated in combination with those of the WAGO I/O System 750 XTR. Such mixed operation does not change the maximum permissible ambient conditions of the individual products.
- Operate ETHERNET and PROFINET interfaces in separate networks.
- Observe possible different technical specifications for mounting that does not correspond to the specified mounting position.
- Only use accessories authorized by WAGO.

System Features

3.1 Component Structure

3.1.1 Component Designs

There are different housing forms in the WAGO I/O System 750.

Head Stations

The housings of head stations (fieldbus couplers or controllers) differ in:

- The connection level
 - The power supply on the field level
 - No power supply on the field level (Eco)
- The operator control elements and indicators
- The respective fieldbus interfaces
- Further communication interfaces

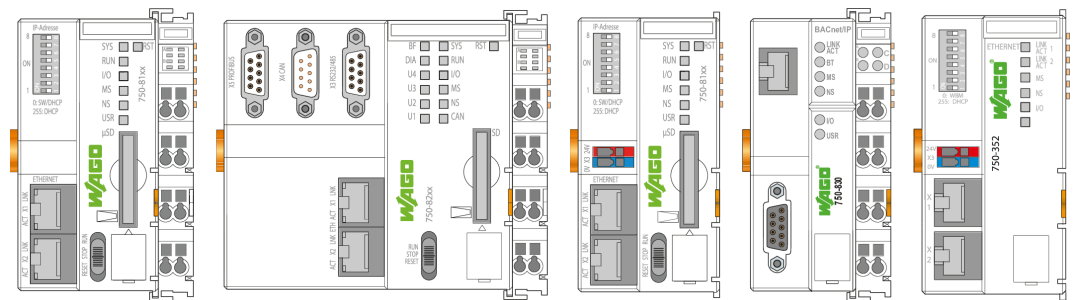


Figure 1: Example housing of the head stations

I/O Modules

The housings of the I/O modules differ in:

- The module width
 - Single width (12 mm)
 - Double width (24 mm)
 - Quadruple width (48 mm)
- The structure of the wiring interface
- Different display elements
- Fuse holder

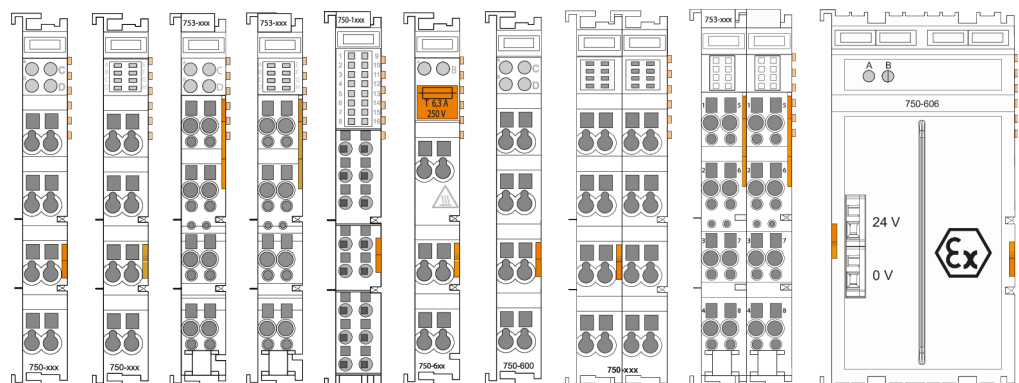


Figure 2: Example housing of the I/O modules

3.1.2 Structure of the Head Stations

Example PFC View

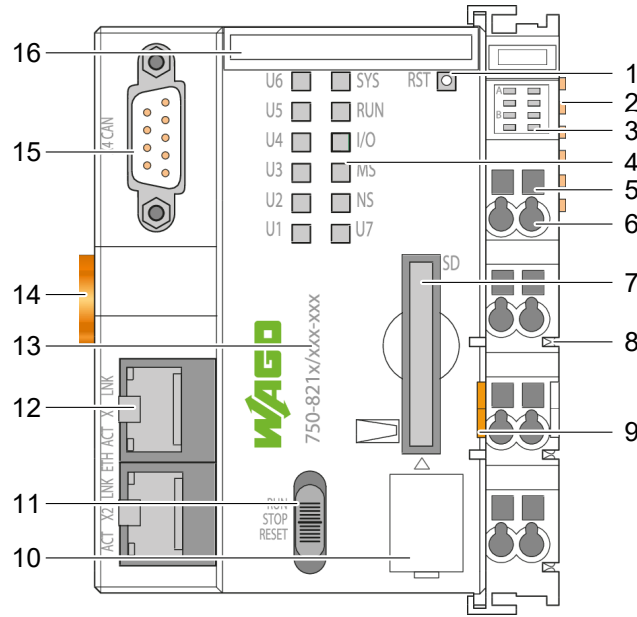


Figure 3: Example PFC View

1	Reset button	Product Manual
2	Data contacts	Data Contacts [▶ 20]
3	Display elements: Power supply status	Product Manual
4	Display elements: System status	Product Manual
5	Access to open the associated CAGE CLAMP® connection	Connect Conductor to CAGE CLAMP® [▶ 50]
6	CAGE CLAMP® connection for the power supply connection	
7	Memory card slot with protective flap	Product Manual
8	Power jumper contact (spring)	Power Jumper Contacts [▶ 21]
9	Release tab	Snapping the Head Station to the DIN-Rail [▶ 43] Removing a Head Station from the DIN-Rail [▶ 45]
10	Service interface cover	
11	Mode selector switch	Product Manual
12	Network connection	Product Manual
13	Item number	Product Identification [▶ 17]
14	DIN-rail locking cam	Snapping the Head Station to the DIN-Rail [▶ 43] Removing a Head Station from the DIN-Rail [▶ 45]
15	Serial interface (optional)	Product Manual
16	Slot for Mini-WSB (optional)	

Example View of the Fieldbus Coupler/Controller

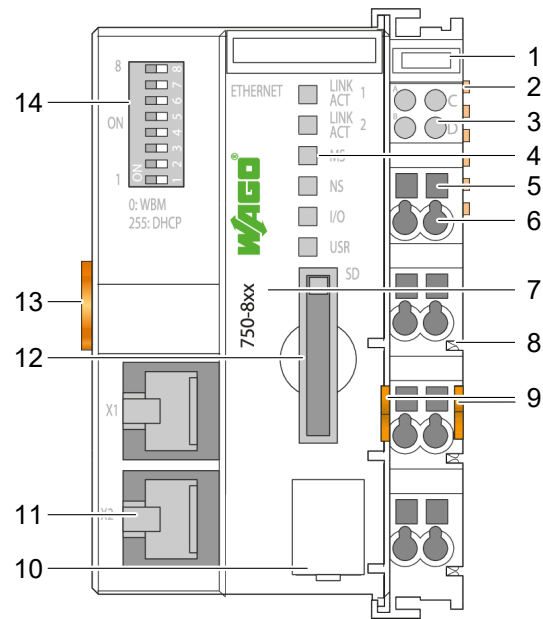


Figure 4: Example View of the Controller

1	Slot for Mini-WSB (optional)	
2	Data contacts	Data Contacts [20]
3	Display elements: Power supply status	Product Manual
4	Display elements: Fieldbus status	Product Manual
5	Access to open the associated CAGE CLAMP® connection	Connect Conductor to CAGE CLAMP® [50]
6	CAGE CLAMP® connection for the power supply connection	
7	Item number	Product Identification [17]
8	Power jumper contact (spring)	Power Jumper Contacts [21]
9	Release tab	Snapping the Head Station to the DIN-Rail [43] Removing a Head Station from the DIN-Rail [45]
10	Service interface cover	
11	Fieldbus connection (optional)	Product Manual
12	Memory card slot with protective flap	Product Manual
13	DIN-rail locking cam	Snapping the Head Station to the DIN-Rail [43] Removing a Head Station from the DIN-Rail [45]
14	Address selection switch (optional)	Product Manual

3.1.3 I/O Module Configuration

Example View of the I/O Module 750 Series (CAGE CLAMP® Connections)

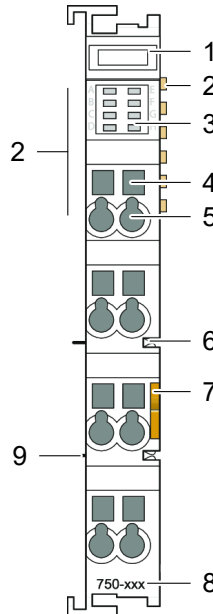


Figure 5: I/O module 750 Series with CAGE CLAMP® connections (example)

1	Slot for WSB (optional)	
2	Data contacts	Data Contacts [20]
3	Indicators	Product Manual
4	Access to open the associated CAGE CLAMP® connection	Connect Conductor to CAGE CLAMP® [50]
5	CAGE CLAMP® connection	
6	Power jumper contact (spring)	Power Jumper Contacts [21]
7	Release tab	Removing the I/O Module [46]
8	Item number	Product Identification [17]
9	Power jumper contact (blade)	Power Jumper Contacts [21]

Example View of the I/O Module 750 Series (Push-in CAGE CLAMP® Connections)

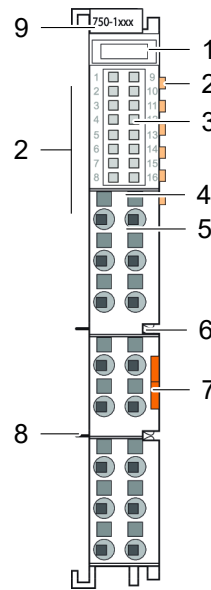


Figure 6: I/O module 750 Series with Push-in CAGE CLAMP® connections (example)

1	Slot for WSB (optional)	
2	Data contacts	Data Contacts [▶ 20]
3	Indicators	Product Manual
4	Access to open the associated Push-in CAGE CLAMP® connection	Connect Conductor to CAGE CLAMP® [▶ 50]
5	Push-in CAGE CLAMP® connection	
6	Power jumper contact (spring)	Power Jumper Contacts [▶ 21]
7	Release tab	Removing the I/O Module [▶ 46]
8	Power jumper contact (blade)	Power Jumper Contacts [▶ 21]
9	Item number	Product Identification [▶ 17]

Example View of the I/O Module 753 Series (Pluggable Connector)

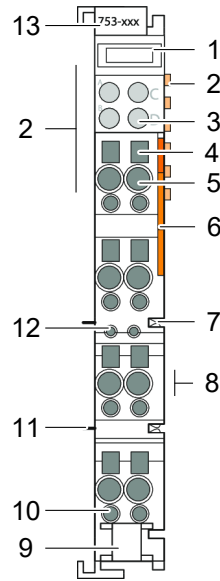


Figure 7: I/O module 753 Series (example)

1	Slot for WSB (optional)	
2	Data contacts	Data Contacts [20]
3	Indicators	Product Manual
4	Access to open the associated CAGE CLAMP® connection	Connect Conductor to CAGE CLAMP® [50]
5	CAGE CLAMP® connection	
6	Unlocking tab for the pluggable connector	Removing the I/O Module [46]
7	Power jumper contact (spring)	Power Jumper Contacts [21]
8	Release tab for the I/O module	Removing the I/O Module [46]
9	Fastening tab for cable ties	
10	Test slot for associated CAGE CLAMP® connection	
11	Power jumper contact (blade)	Power Jumper Contacts [21]
12	Coding Key	Coding Keys [22]
13	Item number	Product Identification [17]

3.1.4 Product Identification

3.1.4.1 Versions

Color Coding for Identifying the Component Type

To get an overview of the different I/O components quickly and easily, they are color-coded.

Table 2: Color coding of Component Types

Housing Color	Component Type
Light gray	WAGO I/O System 750 (standard modules)
Blue	Intrinsically safe modules (Ex i)
Signal yellow	Modules for functional safety
Blue + signal yellow	Intrinsically safe modules (Ex i) for functional safety
Dark gray	WAGO I/O System 750 XTR
Blue + dark gray	WAGO I/O System 750 XTR – intrinsically safe modules (Ex i)

Color Coding for Identifying Functionality

To quickly and easily get an overview of the component classes present in a node, they are color-coded. The color coding is implemented as follows:

- Housings with up to 4 round display elements have permanently built-in, color-coded, pull-out labeling fields.
- Housings with 8 display elements can be color-coded by attaching labeling elements (Mini-WSB) over the display elements.
- For housings with 16 display elements, they are highlighted in color.

Table 3: Color coding of component classes

Color of the Coding Key	Component Class
Green	Analog Inputs
Blue	Analog Outputs
Yellow	Digital Inputs
Red	Digital Outputs
Transparent	Supply Modules, Function and Technology Modules

3.1.4.2 Marking Example

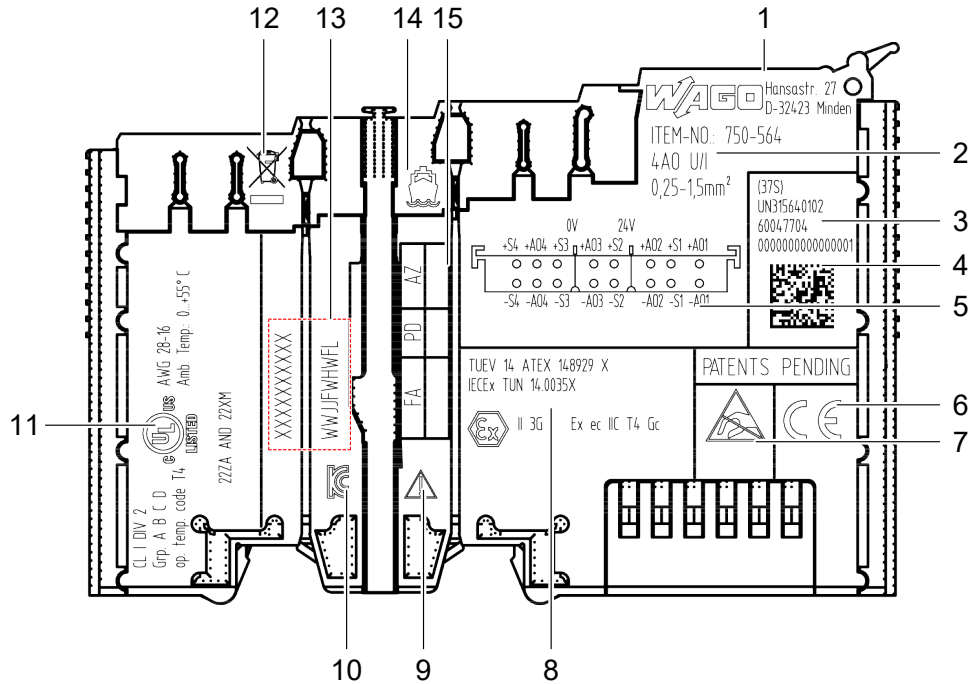









Table 4: Explanation of the Marking Example

No.	Contents	Description
1	 WAGO Logo and Address Hansastr. 27 D-32423 Minden	WAGO Kontakttechnik GmbH & Co. KG
2	Product information	Item number and product description; conductor cross section where required
3	(37S) UN315640102 60047704 0000000000000001	Production data
4		DataMatrix code
5	Terminal allocation	More information on the topic of Connections in the respective  Product Manual.
6	 CE mark	The CE mark indicates WAGO has declared that the product conforms with the applicable requirements as set out in Community harmonization legislation per EC Regulation 765/2008, which allows the product to carry this mark.
7	 "ESD" exclamation icon	Note: Avoid electrostatic discharge! The products are equipped with electronic components that may be destroyed by electrostatic discharge when touched. Please observe the safety precautions against electrostatic discharge per DIN EN 61340-5-1/-3.
8	 "Ex" registration icon	The product meets the classified requirements according to ATEX for operation in potentially explosive areas. More information on the topic of Approvals in the respective  Product Manual.















No.	Contents	Description
9	 "Notice" exclamation icon	Note: Observe the product documentation! There is applicable information and documents about the product that must be observed.
10	 "KC" registration icon	This approval mark stands for compliance with the Korean product safety requirements for electrical and electronic devices and components.
11	 "cULus" registration icon	Certified safety mark of UL listed products for the American and Canadian market.
12	 "WEEE" mark	Note: Electrical and electronic equipment must not be disposed of with household waste! Electrical and electronic equipment contain materials and substances that can be harmful to the environment and health. Electrical and electronic equipment must be disposed of properly after use. More information on this topic: 🔗 Entsorgung und Recycling [▶ 51] .
13	Serial number:	🔗 Identification [▶ 20]
14	 "Marine Approvals" icon	Collective icon for marine approvals. More information on this topic: 🔗 Special Applications and Environments [▶ 34] . More information on the topic of Approvals in the respective 📖 Product Manual .
15	Update matrix	🔗 Update Matrix [▶ 20]

Table 5: Explanation of the Different Marking Example

No.	Contents	Description
	 "RFID" icon	This product contains RFID (Radio Frequency Identification) technology (see 🔗 Identification [▶ 20]).
	 "Hot surface" alert icon	Warning: Do not touch hot surfaces! The housing surface can become hot during operation. If the product has been used in high ambient temperatures, let it cool down before touching it.
	 "TÜV" registration icon	TÜV (Technischer Überwachungsverein) Rheinland® as a testing laboratory for functional safety.
	 "FS" registration icon	Conformity marks with the keyword "Functional safety" are issued for electrical / electronic / programmable electronic and electromechanical products that are intended for use in safety-related applications. A type test for these products has shown that they are sufficiently safe and reliable according to a defined safety level and are suitable for use in safety functions to protect people, the environment and valuable goods.
	 "RCM" mark	With the RCM marking (Regulatory Compliance Mark), WAGO declares in accordance with Australian standards that the product meets the applicable requirements.
	 "CCC" mark	With the CCC marking (China Compulsory Certification), WAGO declares in accordance with the standards applicable to the Chinese market that the product meets the applicable requirements.

No.	Contents	Description
		“EAC” icon The EAC mark indicates that the product conforms to the safety requirements set forth in the EEU technical requirements.
		“EAC Ex” icon The EAC Ex mark indicates that the product conforms to the safety requirements set forth in the EEU technical requirements for operation in hazardous areas.
		“UR” registration icon Certified safety mark from UL recognized components for the American and Canadian market.

3.1.4.3 Identification

The production number contains internal production data as well as product-specific production data. The production number can be:

- One row: XXXXXXXXXXXX_WWYYFHWFL
- Two row: XXXXXXXXXXXX
WWYYFHWFL

Table 6: Production number

XXXXXXXXXX	Production item number, 10-digit
WWYYFHWFL	WW: Production week YY: Production year FW: Firmware index HW: Hardware index FL: Firmware loader index

3.1.4.4 Update Matrix

In the case of a factory update, the updated production data is documented in the update matrix. The initial manufacturing information on the product housing remains unchanged. In the case of a head station, the cover flap of the service interface is also printed with the updated production number.

Table 7: Update Matrix

FA	XXXXXXXXXX	Production item number, 10-digit
PD	WWYY	WW: Production week YY: Production year
AZ	FHWFL	FW: Firmware index HW: Hardware index FL: Firmware loader index

3.1.5 System Contacts

3.1.5.1 Data Contacts

Components and the I/O module power supply communicate via the data contacts.

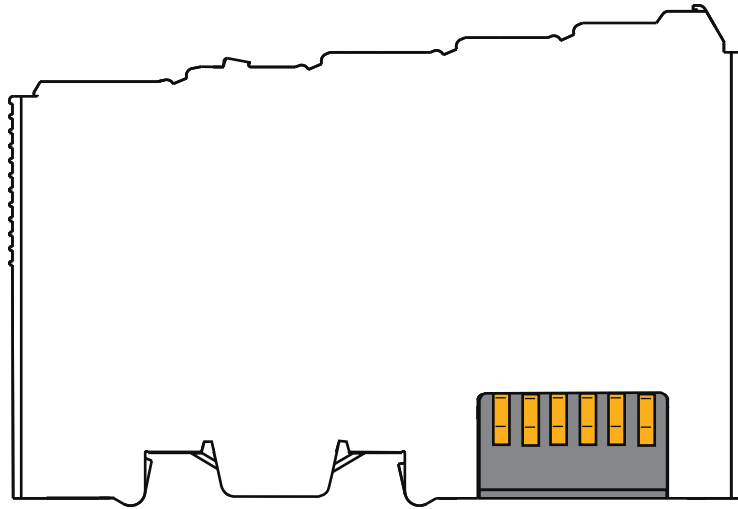


Figure 8: Data Contacts

3.1.5.2 Power Jumper Contacts

The field power supply is distributed in the I/O system via the power jumper contacts. The contacts on the left side are male contacts; those on the right side are touch-proof spring contacts.

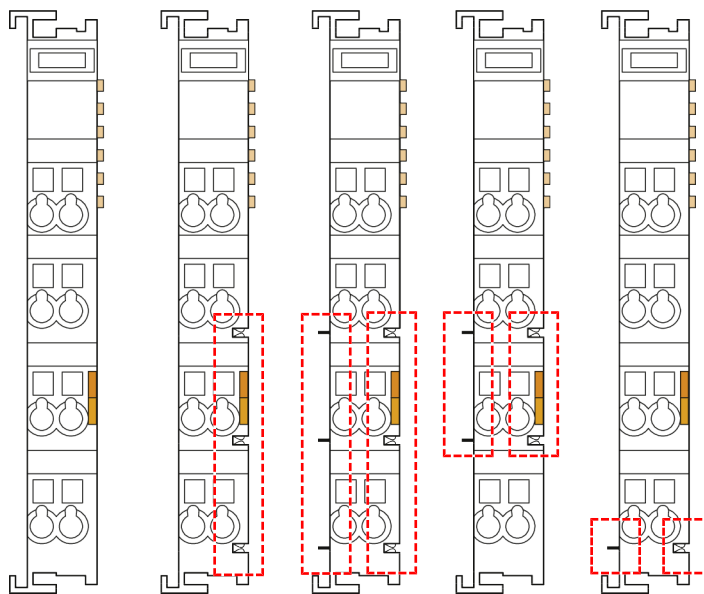


Figure 9: Example: Power Jumper Contact Arrangement (left: male contacts; right: spring contacts)

3.1.5.3 DIN-Rail Contact

Many components of the I/O system transmit electromagnetic interference to the DIN-rail via DIN-rail contacts. The DIN-rail contacts of the modules are automatically connected when they are snapped on to the DIN-rail.

For the I/O modules, there is usually no direct connection between the DIN-rail contact and the ground connections of the wiring interface and the associated power jumper contacts. The specific design is described in [Product Manual](#).

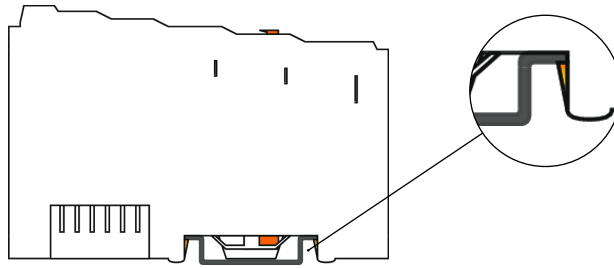


Figure 10: DIN-Rail Contact (example)

3.1.6 Coding Keys

I/O modules of the 753 Series and the associated plug-in wiring interfaces can have coding keys to prevent incorrect insertion. The coding using small plastic pins and sockets simplifies assignment of the wiring interface to the I/O module.

More information about this topic: [🔗 Inserting Coding Keys \[▶ 48\]](#)

3.1.7 Marking Elements

The system components can be provided with labeling elements:

- On head stations:
 - Above the indicators
 - If there is a power supply infeed, above the individual connections
- On I/O modules of the 750 and 753 Series:
 - Above the indicators
- On some I/O modules of the 750 Series:
 - Above the individual connections

3.2 Electrical Structure

3.2.1 Potential Groups

The I/O system is divided into the following potential groups.

- **System Level**

This potential group encompasses all the system-side electronics and among other things, includes the system supply and the local bus signals.
- **Field Level**

This potential group contains the field-side power supply and I/O signals. The node structure can be divided into different sections through the supply and segment modules. Different field potentials can be used in the individual sections.
- **Fieldbus**

This potential group contains the signals of the respective fieldbus interface. The voltage and current levels depend on the fieldbus standard used.
- **Functional Ground**

To discharge EMC interference, the system power supply, the field power supply and the I/O signal inputs and outputs are capacitively coupled within the module to the functional ground via the DIN-rail contacts.

Example Potential Groups / Separation with Galvanically Separated Power Supply Infeed

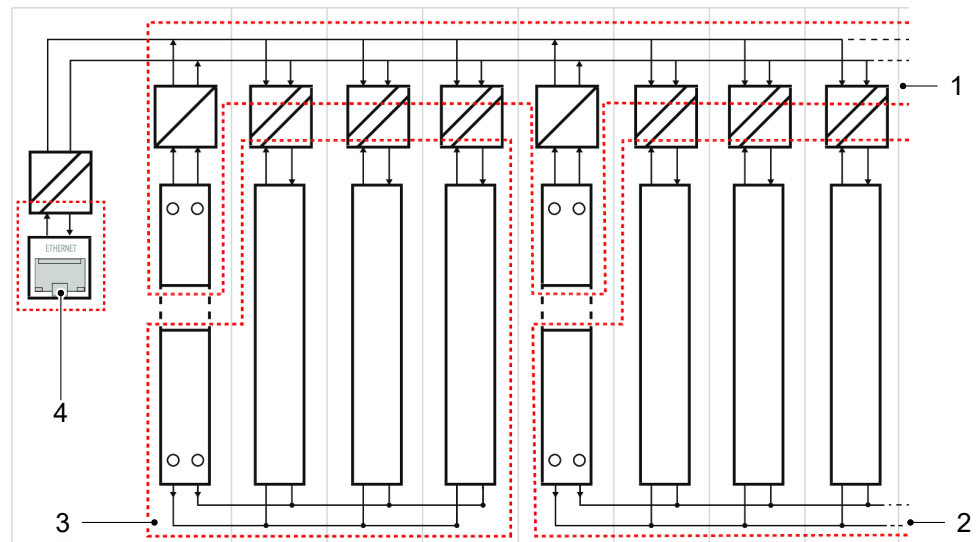


Figure 11: Display of Different Potential Groups

1	System-level potential groups
2	Field-level potential groups in right node section
3	Field-level potential groups in left node section
4	Fieldbus system potential groups

3.2.2 System Supply

The system is supplied through the fieldbus coupler/controller and where needed, through additional supply modules with bus power supplies. The system-side component electronics are protected against reverse polarity.

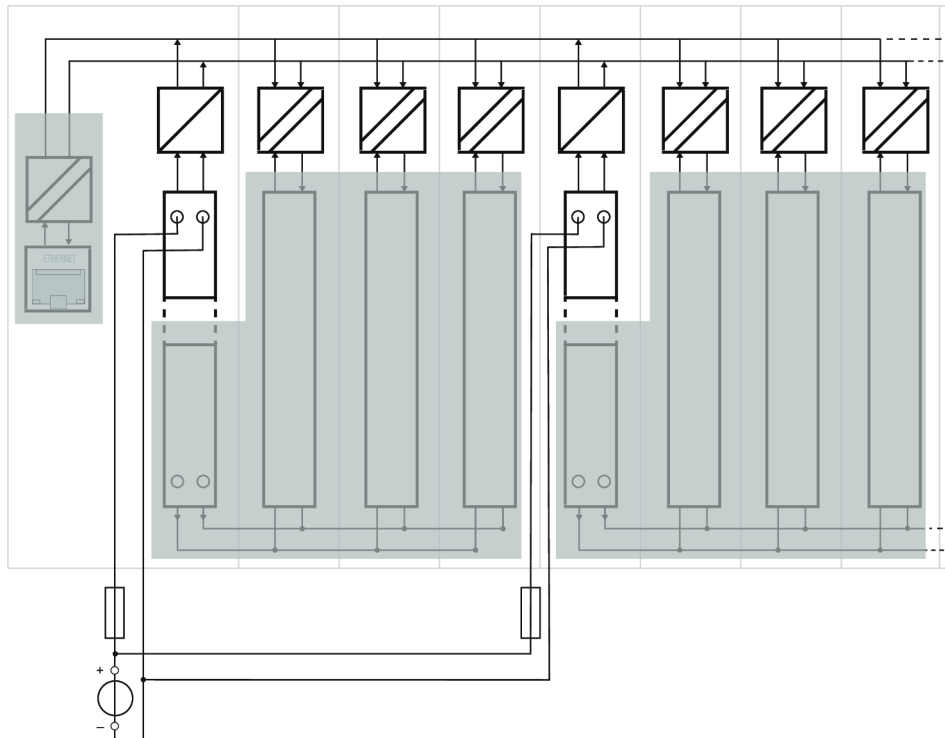



Figure 12: System Supply Input (example)

Observe the following system supply requirements:

- Use voltage sources with safe extra-low voltage (SELV, PELV).
- Power **must** be supplied simultaneously to **all** system supply inputs.
WAGO recommends using the same voltage source to realize the power supply.
- Be sure maximum permissible current values are not exceeded.
- Use an external fuse to protect the system supply of each power supply.

Product-specific information is available from the technical data in the respective  **Product Manual**.

3.2.3 Field Supply

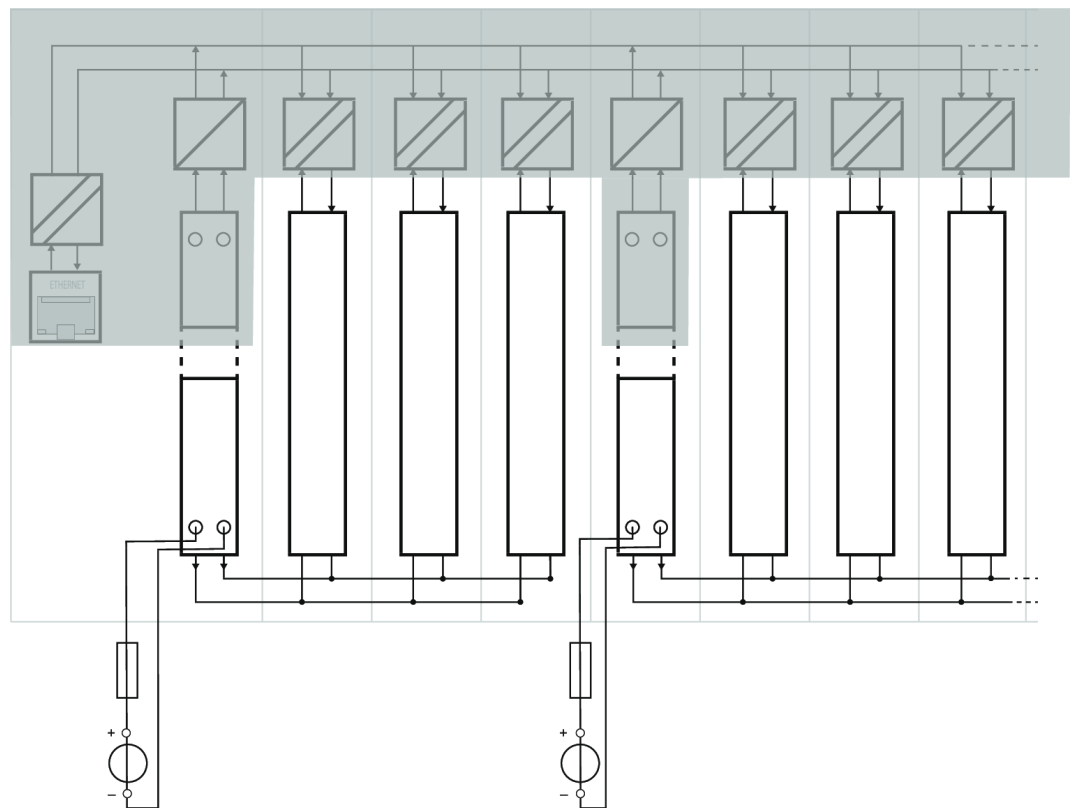


Figure 13: Field Supply Input (example)

Observe the following requirements for the field supply:

- Use voltage sources with safe extra-low voltage (SELV, PELV) for all voltages with a nominal value of 24 VDC.
- Be sure to include an overcurrent protection device to ensure the maximum permissible current values are not exceeded.

Additional supply modules are needed for:

- Higher power requirements
- Use of different potential groups
- Use of different field voltages
- Functional change (e.g., Ex i or functional safety)

3.2.4 Power Supply Components

The following components are needed to establish a power supply:

- **Voltage Sources with Safe Extra-Low Voltage (SELV, PELV)**
- **Overcurrent protection devices**
 - Supply modules with integrated fuses
 - External fuse terminal blocks
 - Circuit-breakers
- **Suitable isolation devices**, e.g., non-automatic circuit-breaker
- **Supply modules**
 - Bus power supplies
 - Supply module

Depending on the application area, the following may also be needed:

- **Filter modules**
- **Distance modules**


The distance modules are used to realize the increased requirements for clearances and creepage distances.

- **Voltage buffers**
 - UPS modules
 - Capacitive buffer modules

3.3 Technical Data

Note

Read product manual!


Product-specific information for the Technical data of the products, see the respective  **Product Manual**.

3.4 Standards

3.4.1 Approvals

Note


Read product manual!

You can find Product-specific information on the topic Approvals in the respective  **Product Manual**.

3.4.2 Guidelines, Standards and Recommendations

Note

Read product manual!

You can find Product-specific information on the topic Guidelines, Standards and Recommendations in the respective  **Product Manual**.

3.4.3 Product-Related Environmental Protection

Product-related environmental protection plays a significant role in WAGO's sustainable environmental management. We place high priority on ensuring adherence to substance prohibitions/limitations worldwide.

RoHS – Restriction of the use of certain Hazardous Substance

This relates to the EU directive that regulates the use of hazardous substances in equipment and components. In addition to reducing impacts on people and the environment, the regulation's goal is to improve possibilities for recycling. WAGO closely monitors RoHS developments and promptly respond accordingly to any changes in these requirements.

For more information regarding the RoHS directive, please contact ✉ ehs-product-compliance@wago.com.

REACH – Registration, Evaluation and Authorisation of Chemicals

REACH is an European Union regulation (No. 1907/2006) that was enacted on 2007-06-01 and since then has been a valid legal framework for all EU member states. To protect human health and the environment, this EU chemical regulation strives for classification and identification of all chemicals and their effects. The REACH regulation also assigns specific duties to every participant in the supply chain. The products manufactured by WAGO are subject to the regulation. However, as articles are not subject to registration, WAGO usually assumes the role of the downstream user in the supply chain. Therefore, WAGO has a duty to inform subsequent links along the supply chain according to REACH Regulation Article 33. Naturally, WAGO takes this duty seriously.

More information regarding our duty to inform under Article 33 can be found on our site "REACH SVHC Declaration" at the following link: [🌐 www.wago.com/svhc](https://www.wago.com/svhc).

Planning

4.1 Node Structure

Note that product-specific configuration or test steps may be necessary. For example before:

- Commissioning
- Recommissioning
- Exchange and replacement of I/O modules

These configuration or test steps are described in the respective  **Product Manual**.

Types of Components

Several different types of components are used in the I/O system:

- **Head Stations:**
 - PFC
 - Controller
 - Fieldbus couplers
- **I/O Modules:**
 - Analog input and output modules
 - Digital input and output modules
 - Function and technology modules
 - Communication modules
 - Supply and segment modules

Number of I/O Modules

The maximum number of I/O modules that can be operated in one node depends on several factors:

- **Mechanical Expansion:**

The distance between a head station and an end module must not exceed 768 mm, including the end module. If a node is wider, it must be divided into several sections with an additional fieldbus coupler, controller or internal data bus extension.
- **Addressability:**

Depending on the head station used, a maximum of 250 I/O modules can be addressed.

I/O modules that do not have any process or diagnostic data (e.g., distance modules) do not need to be taken into account when calculating the number.
- **Head Station Memory:**

Head stations have a limited memory for the process image.
- **Fieldbus Technology Characteristics**

4.2 Structure Guidelines

4.2.1 Installation Site and Touch-Proof Protection

The WAGO I/O-System is an open system. As such, it must only be installed within appropriate housings, cabinets or electrical operation rooms that fulfill at least the following requirements:

- Offer adequate protection against direct or indirect contact.
- Offer adequate protection against UV irradiation.
- Restrict access to authorized personnel and may only be opened with tools.
- Ensure the required pollution degree in the vicinity of the system.
- Prevent fire from spreading outside of the enclosure.
- Guarantee mechanical stability.

4.2.2 Overcurrent Protection

System and field supply are through the head station and/or additional supply modules. Protect the power supply as specified in the technical product data. Use:

- Supply modules with integrated fuses
- External fuses

You can find more information in the  **Product Manual**.

4.2.3 Ground Conductor

The I/O system does not require a protective conductor connection for proper operation. In addition, the I/O system does not provide any protective conductor functionality via the field connections. If a protective conductor connection is required, it must be implemented outside the system.

4.2.4 Buffering

To compensate for power interruptions per IEC 61131 (PS-1 or PS-2), external buffering is required.

Buffer capacity depends on the node configuration, which is why it is not possible to provide general information on the required capacity.

4.2.5 Mounting Position

All specifications and handling steps refer to the nominal mounting position. Deviating mounting positions affect, for example:

- Air circulation
- Measuring accuracy

Maintain the following clearances to adjacent components, cable ducts and the sides of housings and frames for the entire node structure.

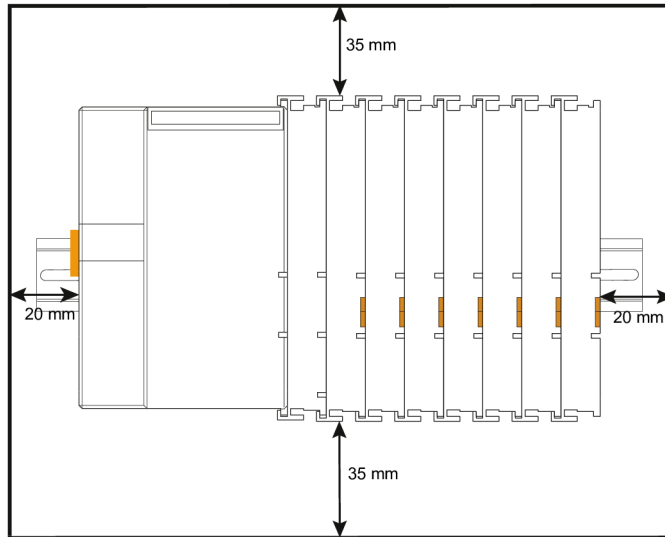


Figure 14: Installation Clearances

Coordinate Model

i Note

Modified Coordinate Model

In product documentation published before 2021, the height (y) and depth (z) have been swapped!

- Width = Dimension along X axis = Horizontal in nominal mounting position; parallel to DIN-rail longitudinal axis
- Height = Dimension along Y axis = Vertical in nominal mounting position
- Depth = Dimension along Z axis = Horizontal in nominal mounting position; perpendicular to DIN-rail longitudinal axis

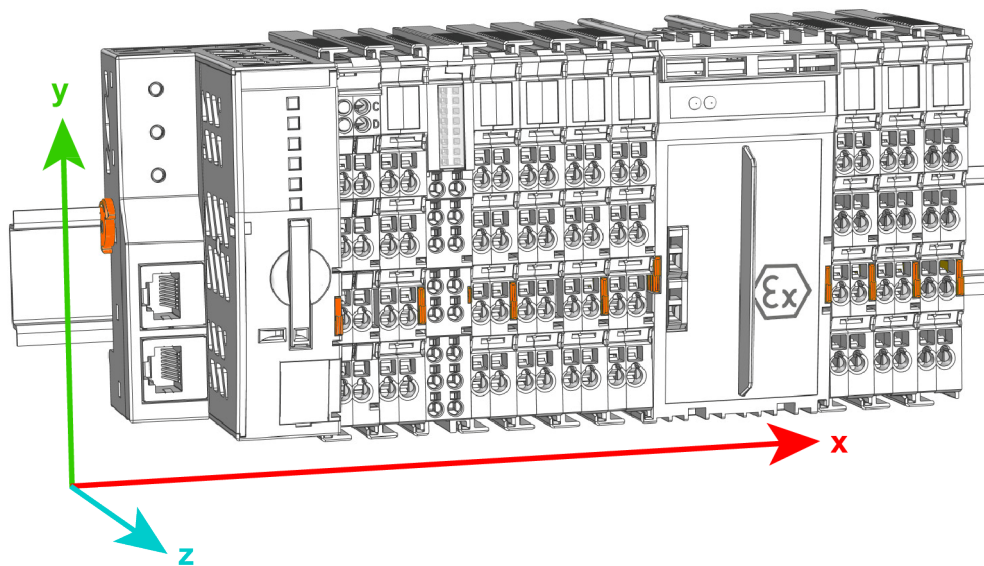
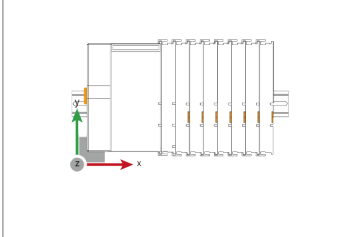
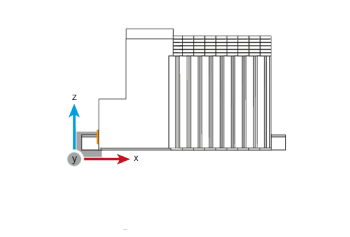
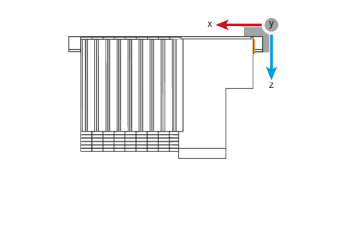
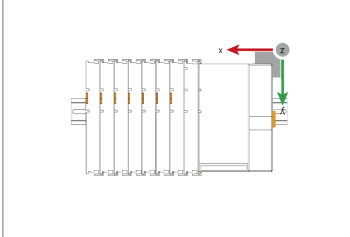
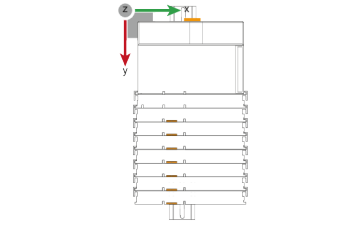
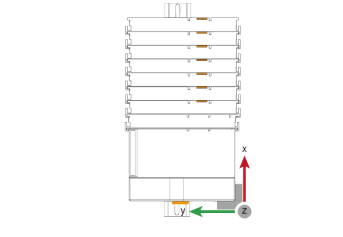


Figure 15: Coordinate model: width (x), height (y), depth (z)

Overview of Mounting Positions

		
Nominal mounting position (horizontal left)	Floor mounting position	Ceiling mounting position
		
Mounting position, horizontal right	Mounting position, vertical top	Mounting position, vertical bottom
For vertical installation, always mount an end stop below the node to prevent it from slipping off.		

4.2.6 DIN-Rail Characteristics

To ensure optimum system construction, all system components can be securely snapped onto a DIN-rail (35 mm). Observe:

- The material must have high corrosion resistance.
- The DIN-rail geometry must not be altered.
- Prevent bending and twisting (torsion) e.g., by using sufficient attachment points.
- Use countersink-head screws, blind rivets, etc., to countersink the attachment points beneath the node structure.
- The component DIN-rail contact (CuSn6) must not form a galvanic element with the DIN-rail that is capable of generating a differential voltage of more than 0.5 V (saline solution of 0.3% at 20°C/68°F).

4.2.7 EMC Installations

- **Ground the DIN-rail**
Ground the DIN-rail to divert electromagnetic interference.
- **Use shielded cables for data and signal lines**
Use of shielded cables reduces electromagnetic interference and increases signal quality. Measurement errors, data transmission faults and interference due to excessive voltage can be prevented!
- **Keep data and signal lines separate from interference sources**
Route data and signal lines separately from all power supply cables and other sources of high electromagnetic emissions (e.g., frequency converters or drives).
- **Connect the cable shielding with the ground potential**
Integrated shielding is mandatory to meet technical specifications regarding measurement accuracy. Connect the cable shielding and ground potential at the inlet to the cabinet or housing. This grounding allows induced interferences to dissipate and be kept away from devices in the cabinet or housing.

- Improve shielding performance with a large contact area**
 Greater shielding performance is achieved via low-impedance connection between shielding and ground. To achieve this, connect the shielding over a large surface area, e.g., using the WAGO 790 Shield Connection System. This is especially recommended for large-scale systems where equalizing or high impulse currents may occur.

4.2.8 Data Security

Professional planning and design is an important requirement for securing data confidentiality, availability and integrity.

Random Influences

Data transmission and processing can be disrupted by random influences, such as temporary electromagnetic disturbances. Proper setup can significantly reduce the likelihood of corruption or destruction of data.

More information about this topic: [📖 EMC Installations \[▶ 31\]](#)

Deliberate Influences

Use in ETHERNET Areas

ETHERNET products are designed for use in local networks. Please note the following when using ETHERNET products in your system:

- Do not connect control components and control networks to an open network such as the Internet or an office network.
 WAGO recommends putting control components and control networks behind a fire-wall.
- In the control components, close all ports and services (e.g., for WAGO-I/O-CHECK and CODESYS) not required by your application to minimize the risk of cyber attacks and to enhance cybersecurity.
 Only open the ports and services for the duration of the commissioning/configuration.
- Limit physical and electronic access to all automation components to authorized personnel only.
- To reduce the risk of unauthorized access to your system, change the default passwords before first use.
- To reduce the risk of unauthorized access to your system, regularly change the passwords used.
- To verify that the measures taken meet your security requirements, regularly perform threat analyses.
- To restrict access to and control of individual products and networks, employ a “de-fense-in-depth” mechanism in your system’s security configuration ([📖 White Paper Cybersecurity in Production Facilities](#)).

Table 8: Additional documentation

Document Type	Name
📖 Manual	Cybersecurity for PFC100 / PFC200 Controllers
📖 White Paper	Cybersecurity in Production Facilities

All the documentation is available at: www.wago.com.

Use of Cloud Services

Note

Please note the risks of using cloud services!


If you use third-party cloud services, sensitive data is transferred to the cloud service provider on your own responsibility. External access may result in manipulated data and/or unwanted control commands affecting the performance of your control system.

- Use encryption methods to protect your data.
- Observe the information provided by the Federal Office for Information Security – “Cloud: Risks and Security Tips.”
- Observe comparable publications of the responsible authorities of your country.

Additional information is available at: www.bsi.bund.de.

4.3 Designing the System Supply

Designing the system supply requires knowledge of the entire system-side power consumption of the installed I/O modules. If the total system-side power consumption exceeds the maximum permissible total current of the power supply, an additional system supply must be added.

Product-specific information is available from the technical data in the respective  **Product Manual**.

For fast, effortless supply design, use the WAGO Smart Designer Configuration Software.

A calculation example is available in  **Aids**  **39**.

4.4 Field Supply Layout

Designing the field supply requires knowledge of the entire field-side power consumption of the installed I/O modules. The field-side power consumption of an I/O module consists of:


- Demand from the field-side I/O module electronics
- Possible output currents of the I/O modules used

Detailed product information is available in the respective  **Product Manual**.

More power must be provided with an additional supply module if the maximum permissible total current:

- Of the power supply is reached and/or
- Of the power jumper contacts is reached.


For fast, effortless supply design, use the WAGO Smart Designer Configuration Software.

A calculation example is available in  **Aids**  **39**.

4.5 Special Applications and Environments

4.5.1 Marine and Offshore

The node structure must meet additional requirements to qualify for certified marine application.

If these requirements are specific to an I/O module, they are described in the respective  **Product Manual**. Otherwise, the following general requirements for marine applications apply.

A filter module must be used for each system and field supply input point with a nominal voltage of 24 VDC:

- Use a power supply filter (750-626/xxx-xxx) for the system supply.
- Use a field supply filter (750-624/xxx-xxx) or a power supply filter (750-626/xxx-xxx) for the field supply.

No additional filter module is required for the field supply with a nominal value of 230 V.

Marine Applications acc. DNV GL

- Class A: All areas except bridge and open deck
- Class B: All areas including bridge and open deck

Applications with Isolation Monitoring

High-isolation (HI) versions of the filter modules are required for application areas with isolation monitoring.

Table 9: High-Isolation Filter Modules

High-Isolation Filter Modules	
Field-side power supply filters	Filter module, 24 VDC, HI (750-624/020-000)
	Filter module, 24 VDC, HI, no power jumper contacts (750-624/020-001)
	Filter module, 24 VDC, HI, with ground fault diagnostics (750-624/020-002)
Filter module	Filter module, 24 VDC, HI (750-626/020-000)
	Filter module, 24 VDC, HI, with ground fault diagnostics (750-626/020-002)
	Filter module, 24 VDC, HI/T (750-626/025-001)

Example of a Power Supply Concept for Marine Applications - Class A and B per DNV GL

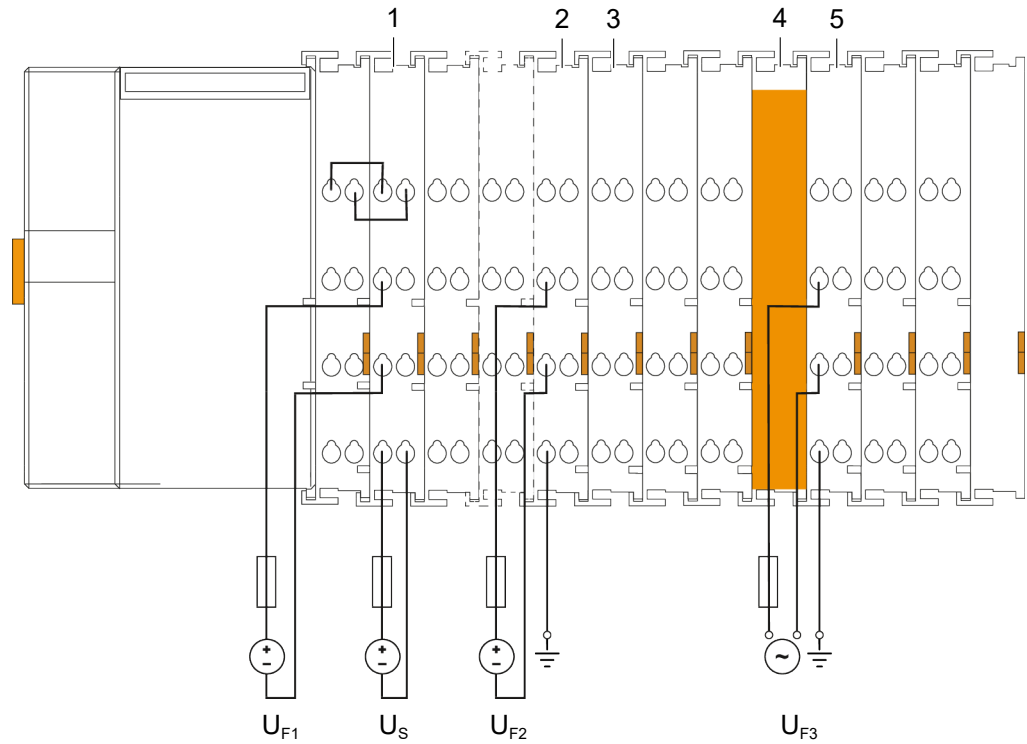


Figure 16: Power Supply Concept for Marine Applications – Class A and B

1	Filter module, 24 VDC, HI GF (750-626/020-002) or filter module, 24 VDC, HI (750-626/020-000) or filter module, 24 VDC, HI / T (750-626/025-001)
2	Bus supply module, 24 VDC (750-602) or bus supply module, 24 VDC, with fuse (750-601) or bus supply module, 24 VDC, with fuse and diagnostics (750-610)
3	Filter module, 24 VDC, HI GF 750-624/020-002 or filter module, 24 VDC, HI 750-624/020-000
4	Distance module, 24 VDC / 230 VAC (750-616/030-000)
5	Bus supply module, 230 VAC/DC, with diagnostics, with fuse holder (750-611) or bus supply module, 230 VAC/DC, without diagnostics, with fuse holder (750-609) or bus supply module, 230 VAC/DC, without diagnostics, without fuse holder (750-612)
U _S	System supply (24 VDC)
U _{F1}	Field supply 1 (24 VDC)
U _{F2}	Field supply 2 (24 VDC)
U _{F3}	Field supply 3 (230 VAC)

Power Supply with FE Power Jumper Contact

If an FE power contact is required after the filter module (750-626/xxx-xxx), an additional supply module is required after the filter module. To do this, the field supply from the filter module (750-626/xxx-xxx) must be bridged to the supply module.

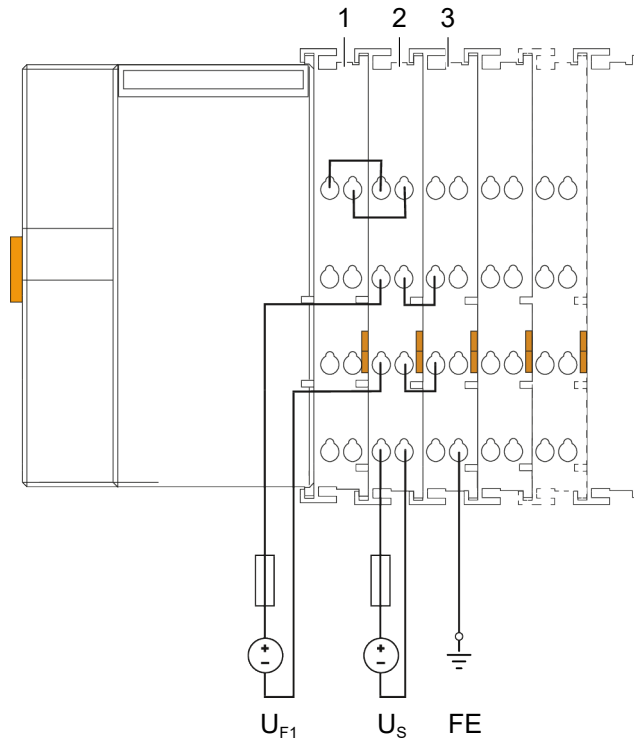


Figure 17: Power Supply Concept for Marine Applications – Class A and B with FE Power Jumper Contact

1	Head station
2	Filter module, 24 VDC, HI GF (750-626/020-002) or filter module, 24 VDC, HI (750-626/020-000) or filter module, 24 VDC, HI / T (750-626/025-001)
3	Bus supply module, 24 VDC (750-602) or bus supply module, 24 VDC, with fuse (750-601) or bus supply module, 24 VDC, with fuse and diagnostics (750-610)
U _s	System supply (24 VDC)
U _{F1}	Field supply 1 (24 VDC)
FE	Functional ground

4.5.2 Ex i Applications

Some I/O modules are intended to be connected with devices located in hazardous areas. To ensure safety and reliability in these applications, several additional requirements must be considered:

- The node structure meets the additional requirements specified below for the power supply as well as the requirements for air and creepage distances.
- The operator obtains a prototype test certificate that confirms the correct installation of the system and store it in a control cabinet or housing.

Observe the detailed requirements as stated in the original wording of the respective certificate (Installation Regulations Specified by Approvals).

Power Supply Requirements

Only Ex i bus supply modules are permitted to be used for power supply to any node sections containing I/O modules for Ex i applications.

The following Ex i potential supply modules may be used for this purpose: 750-606, 750-625/000-001.

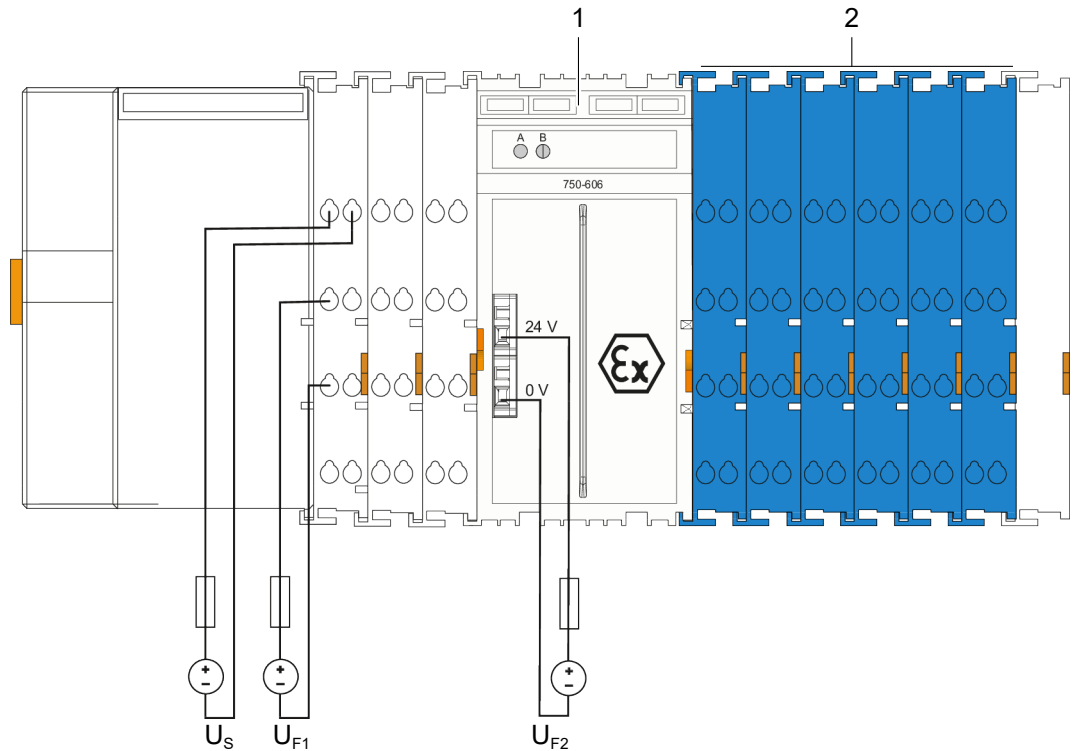


Figure 18: Ex i Power Supply Concept

1	Ex i bus supply module (750-606, 750-625/000-001)*
2	Ex i I/O modules
U_S	System supply (24 VDC)
U_{F1}	Field supply 1 (24 VDC)
U_{F2}	Field supply 2 (24 VDC)

*)
 750-606 with electronic fuse and diagnostics
 750-625/000-001 with electronic fuse and no diagnostics

Clearance and Creepage Distance Requirements

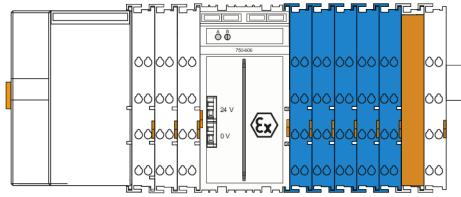
For all sections of a node that contain I/O modules for Ex i use, stricter requirements regarding clearances and creepage distances apply. Before the first such node section, the respective **Ex i supply module** (750-606 or 750-625/000-001) ensures the required distance.

After each such node section, **four distance modules** (750-616) must be used. This also applies when the next section also starts with an **Ex i supply module** (750-606 or 750-625/000-001).

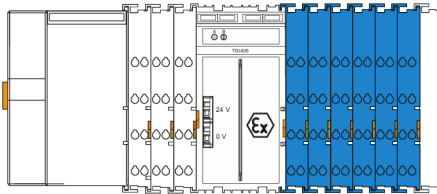


Exceptions:

If the following section consists of an **end module for bus extension** (750-627), **one distance module** (750-616) is sufficient.



If the following section consists of one **end module** (750-600), no distance modules are required.



4.5.3 Marine and Offshore Ex i Applications

When I/O modules are used in marine Ex i applications, additional requirements must be considered alongside those described under [Ex i Applications \[36 \] Ex i](#).

Power Supply Concept for Marine Applications in Ex i Zone, Class A

To use intrinsically safe modules Class A marine applications (all areas, except bridge and open deck), the filter module 750-624/xxx-xxx must be used in conjunction with the Ex i supply module.

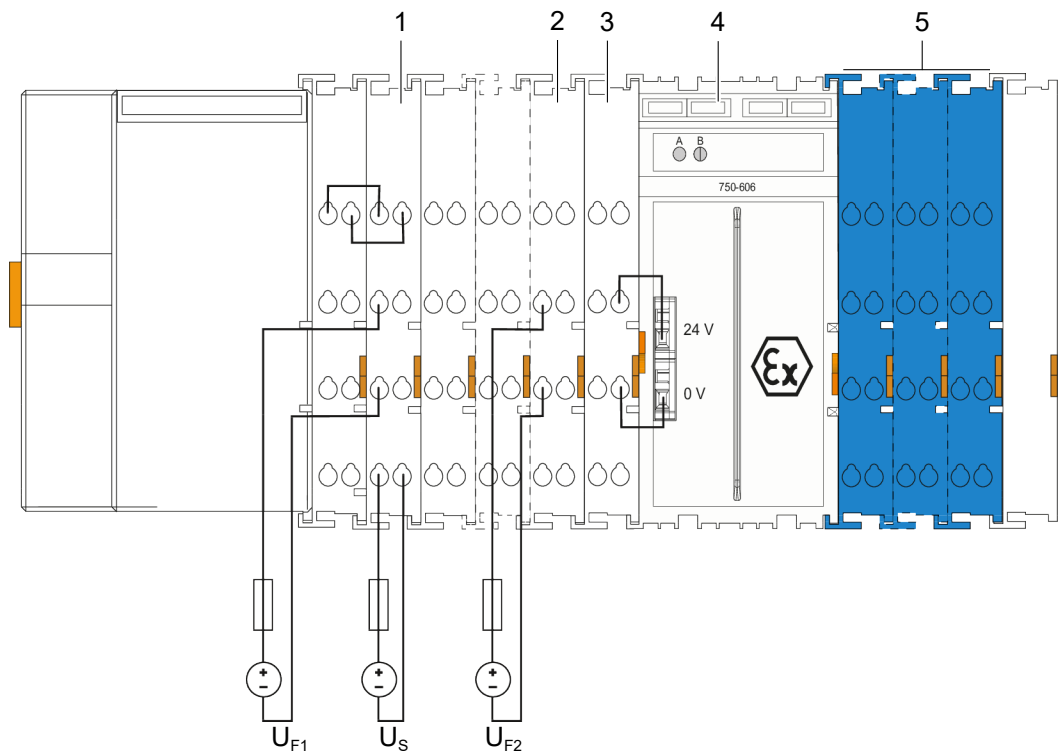


Figure 19: Power Supply Concept for Marine Applications in Ex i Zone – Class A

1	Filter module, 24 VDC, HI GF (750-626/020-002) or filter module, 24 VDC, HI (750-626/020-000)
---	---

2	Bus supply module, 24 VDC (750-602) or bus supply module, 24 VDC, with fuse (750-601) or bus supply module, 24 VDC, with fuse and diagnostics (750-610)
3	Filter module, 24 VDC, HI GF (750-624/020-002) or filter module, 24 VDC, HI (750-624/020-000)
4	Bus supply module, 24 VDC, Ex i, with diagnostics (750-606) or bus supply module, 24 VDC, Ex i (750-625/000-001)
5	Ex i I/O modules

Power Supply Concept for Marine Applications in Ex i Zone, Class B

To use intrinsically safe modules Class B marine applications (all areas, except bridge and open deck), the filter module 750-626/xxx-xxx must be used in conjunction with the Ex i supply module.

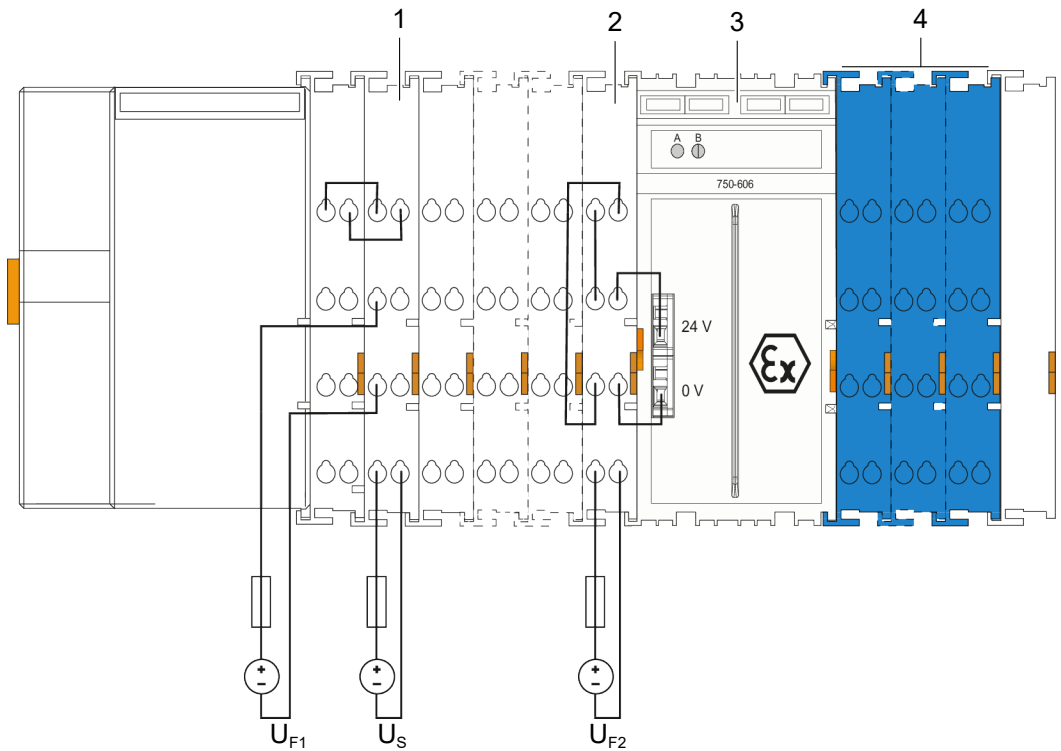


Figure 20: Power Supply Concept for Marine Applications in Ex i Zone – Class B

1	Filter module, 24 VDC, HI GF (750-626/020-002) or filter module, 24 VDC, HI (750-626/020-000)
2	Filter module, 24 VDC, HI GF (750-626/020-002) or filter module, 24 VDC, HI (750-626/020-000)
3	Bus supply module, 24 VDC, Ex i, with diagnostics (750-606) or bus supply module, 24 VDC, Ex i (750-625/000-001)
4	Ex i I/O modules

4.6 Examples and Aids

4.6.1 Aids

WAGO can help you with a wide range of useful products and software solutions. The aids for project planning include:

- **e!COCKPIT**
e!COCKPIT is an integrated development environment that supports every automation task, from hardware configuration and programming, to simulation and visualization, to commissioning – an all-in-one software package.
- **WAGO Smart Designer Product Configurator**
The **Smart Designer** product configurator enables true 3D configuration of WAGO’s electrical interconnect and automation components, including the WAGO-I/O-SYSTEM 750, circuit boards and terminal blocks. With this tool you can, among other things, configure a node of the I/O system and calculate the approximate power requirement.
- **WAGO-I/O-CHECK**
Application for operating and displaying a node from the WAGO 750 I/O-SYSTEM

Coding

Multi-part I/O modules from the WAGO I/O-System can be equipped with coding keys to prevent mismatching when connecting the individual module parts.

For additional information see:  [Assembling/Disassembling Components \[▶ 48\]](#).

System Supply Power Requirement: Example Calculation


The example calculation is based on the following node structure:

- Head station
- 5 × 16-channel digital input module
- 5 × 16-channel digital output module
- 11 × 8-channel analog input module
- 10 × 8-channel analog output module
- 2 × relay module
- I/O module ...

Table 10: Power Requirement: Example Calculation

Head station	1,700 mA
5 × 16-channel digital input module (25 mA)	- 125 mA
5 × 16-channel digital output module (40 mA)	- 200 mA
11 × 8-channel analog input module (69 mA)	- 759 mA
10 × 8-channel analog output module (61 mA)	- 610 mA
Remaining total system supply current	6 mA
At this point, an additional supply module must be used!	
Supply module	2,000 mA
2 × relay module (100 mA)	- 200 mA
I/O module ...	- ...

Field Supply Power Requirement: Example Calculation

The field supply layout must be handled in the same way as the system supply. Additional supply modules may be needed. Detailed product information is available in the respective  **Product Manual**.

Determining Power Loss

Power loss depends on the node structure and the applied field signals. To roughly determine power loss, use:

- Head station: 3 W


- I/O module: 1 W

4.6.2 I/O Test

With the WAGO I/O System, it is possible to test your wiring simply and effectively using an I/O test.


For example, WAGO software solutions such as **e!COCKPIT** and **WAGO-I/O-CHECK** make it possible to:

- Switch inputs and outputs
- Display digital input states
- Display analog input values
- Output analog values

Detailed instructions are available in the  product manual for **e!COCKPIT** and **WAGO-I/O-CHECK**.

Transport and Storage

The original packaging offers optimal protection during transport and storage.

- Store the products in suitable packaging; preferably, in the original packaging.
- Only transport the products in suitable containers/packaging.
- Make sure the product contacts are not contaminated or damaged when packing or unpacking.
- Observe the specified ambient climatic conditions for transport and storage of the products in the  **Product Manual**.

Assembly and Disassembly

DANGER

Do not work on products while energized!

High voltage can cause electric shock or burns!

- Disconnect all power sources from the product before performing any installation, repair or maintenance.

Note

Note planning documents!

The structure of the node and installation in the system may only be carried out in accordance with the planning documents provided by the system planner.

The following information must be provided:

- Information about the correct node structure
- Information about permissible mechanical, electrical and climatic ambient conditions
- Circuit diagrams
- Mounting position, cable types and lengths

6.1 Assembly Sequence

The components of the I/O system must be snapped directly onto a DIN-rail. Starting with the head station, the I/O modules must be installed from left to right according to the project design, in the nominal mounting position.

6.2 Snapping the Head Station to the DIN-Rail

1. Snap the head station onto the DIN-rail.
2. To attach the head station to the DIN-rail, use an operating tool to turn the DIN-rail locking cam until the nose of the DIN-rail locking cam engages behind the DIN-rail.

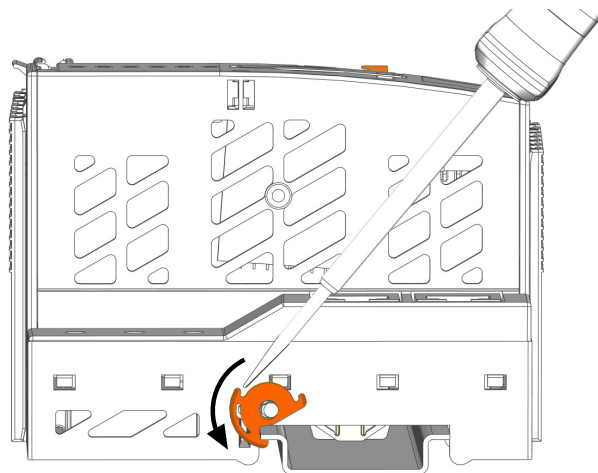


Figure 21: Locking the Head Station

⇒ The head station is now locked on the DIN-rail.

6.3 Attaching an I/O Module

1. Position the I/O module in such a way that the groove and spring are connected to the preceding and following components.

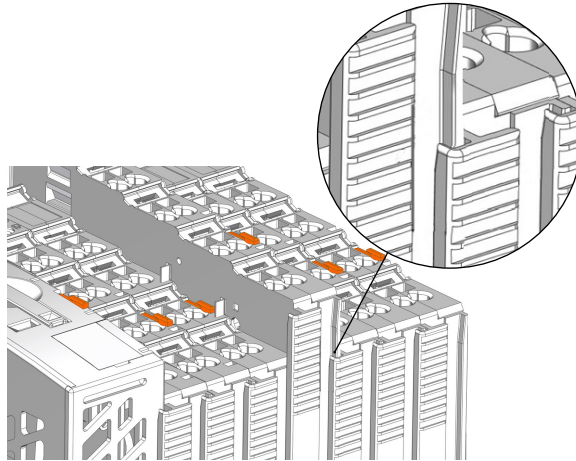


Figure 22: Inserting the I/O Module

2. Press the I/O module into the assembly until the I/O module snaps into the DIN-rail.

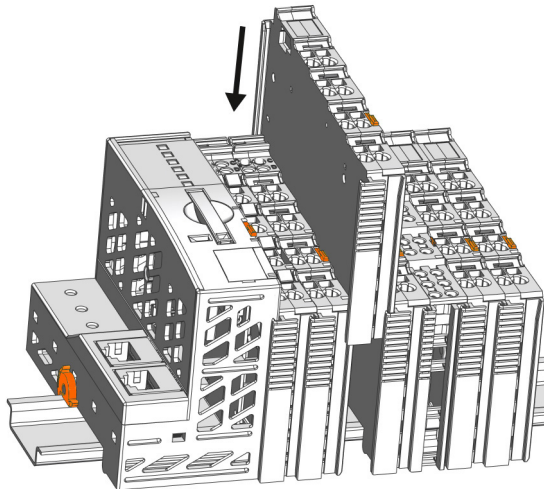


Figure 23: Snapping in the I/O Module

3. Check that the I/O module is seated securely on the mounting rail and in the assembly.
- ⇒ Once the I/O module has snapped into place, the electrical connections for the data contacts and power contacts (if any) to the head station or to the preceding and, if applicable, following I/O module are established.

Attaching the 753 Series Wiring Interface

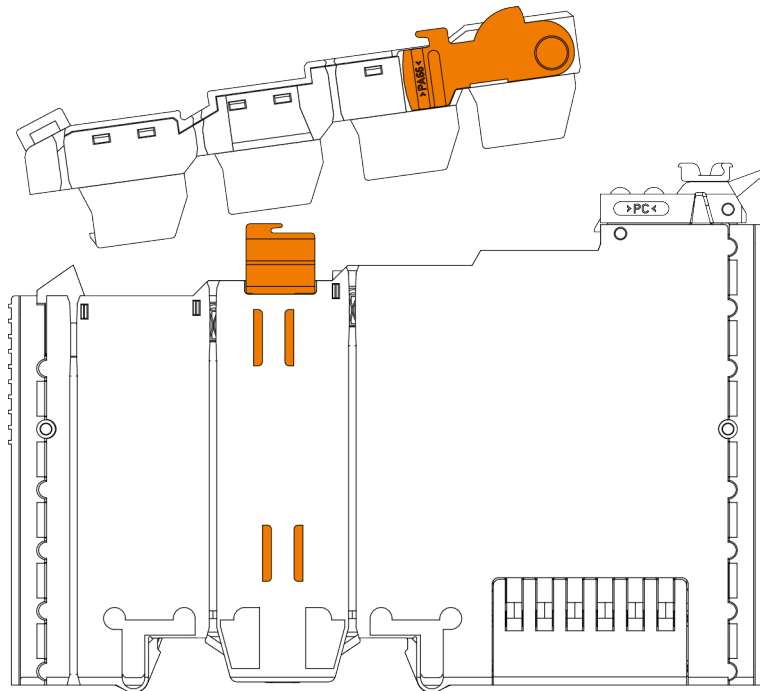


Figure 24: 753 Series Wiring Interface and I/O Module

1. Make sure that the locking tab of the I/O module is not pulled out.
2. Put the wiring interface on the I/O module.
3. Press the wiring interface onto the I/O module until it clicks into place completely.

6.4 Removing a Head Station from the DIN-Rail

Follow these steps to remove a head station from a DIN-rail:

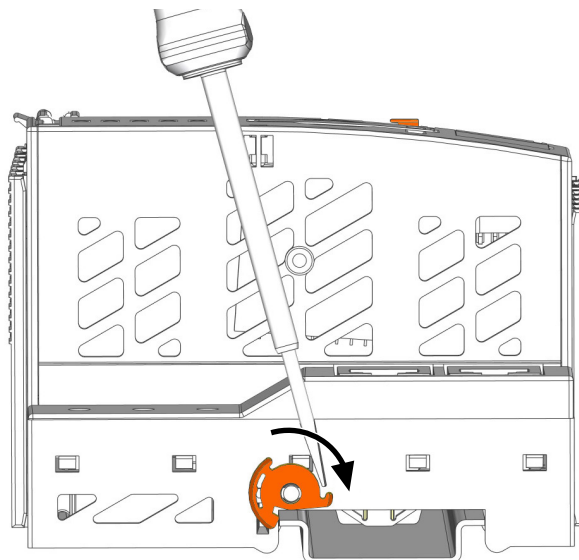


Figure 25: Disengage the locking cam

1. Use an operating tool to turn the DIN-rail locking cam until the nose of the DIN-rail locking cam disengages from the DIN-rail.

2. Use the release tab to pull the head station off the DIN-rail and, if necessary, out of the assembly. To remove head stations with two release tabs, both tabs must be pulled at the same time!
- ⇒ When the head station is pulled out of an assembly, the electrical connections of the data contacts or power jumper contacts to the subsequent I/O module are separated.

6.5 Removing the I/O Module

An I/O module can be detached from the DIN-rail using its release tab and pulling it out of the assembly.

Removing 750 Series I/O Modules

1. Pull up the orange release tab on the I/O module. To remove I/O modules with two release tabs from a group, both tabs must be pulled at the same time!

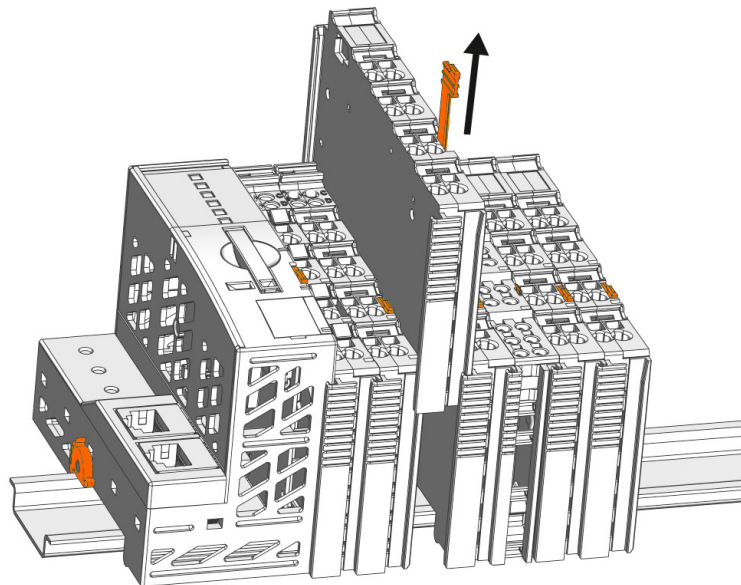


Figure 26: Pull the release tab

2. Pull the I/O module out of the assembly by the release tab.
- ⇒ When the I/O module is pulled out of the assembly, the electrical connections of the data and power contacts are separated.

Removing 753 Series I/O Modules

1. Remove the pluggable connector by pulling the orange locking latch towards the top edge of the I/O module.
- ⇒ The release tab is then accessible.

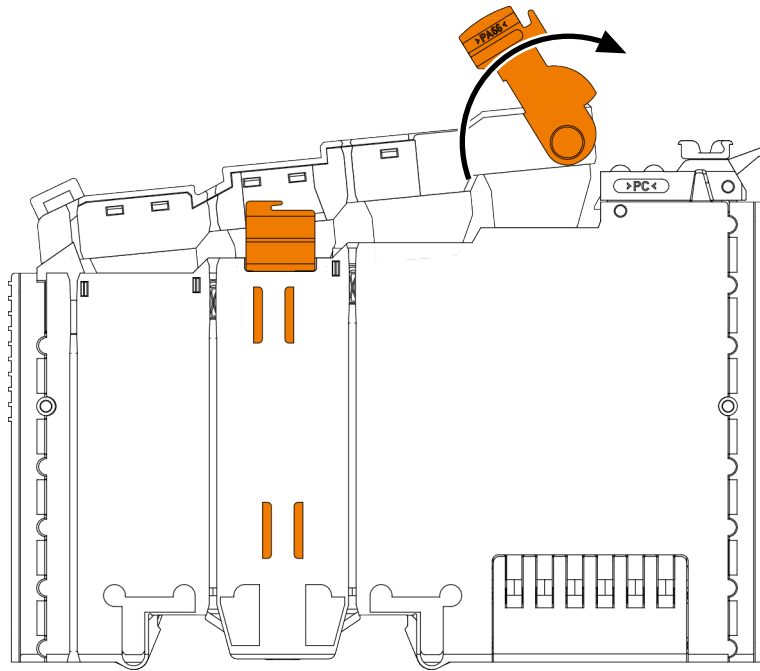


Figure 27: Pulling the Locking Latch

2. Pull up the orange release tab on the I/O module.

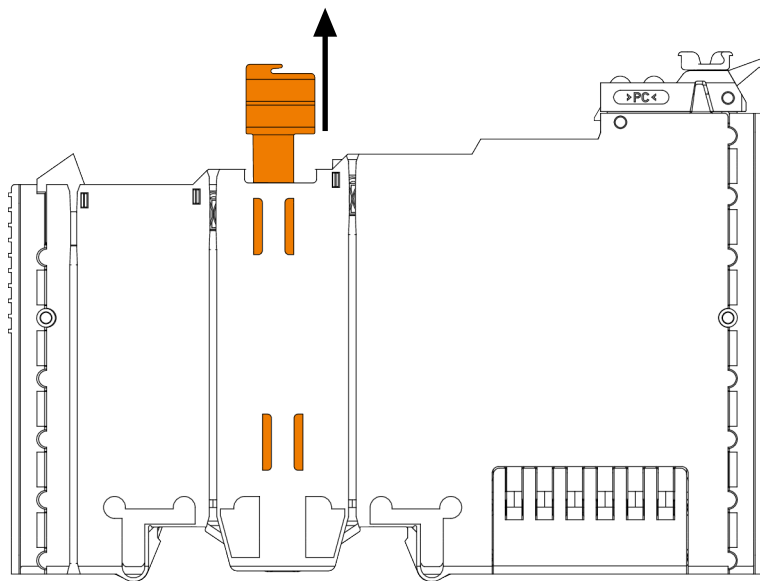


Figure 28: Detaching the 753 Series I/O Module

3. Pull the I/O module out of the assembly by the release tab.
 - ⇒ When the I/O module is pulled out of the assembly, the electrical connections of the data and power contacts are separated.

6.6 Assembling/Disassembling Components

6.6.1 Inserting Coding Keys

For 753 Series I/O modules, the connection between the I/O module and the pluggable connector can be coded. For the coding, proceed as follows:

1. Insert the pin into the socket.

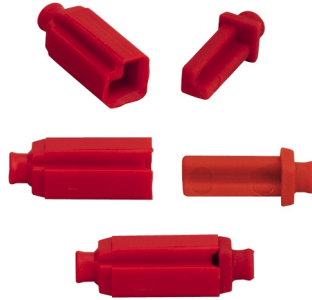


Figure 29: Putting the Coding Keys Together

2. Position the assembled coding keys in the I/O module.

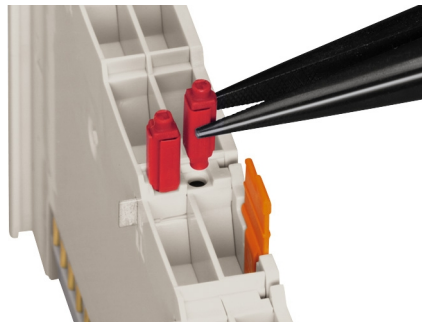


Figure 30: Inserting Coding Keys

⇒ Due to its design, each coding pin allows four different coding options (i.e.; 16 different options using two coding keys).

3. Put the pluggable connector on the I/O module.

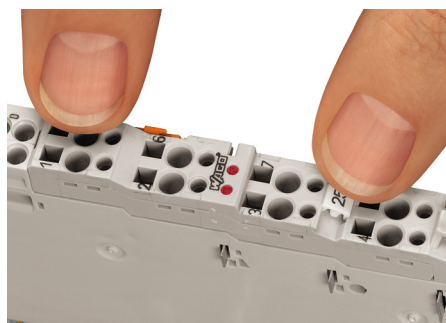


Figure 31: Plugging the Connector into Place

⇒ After removing the pluggable connector, the sockets remain in the I/O module.

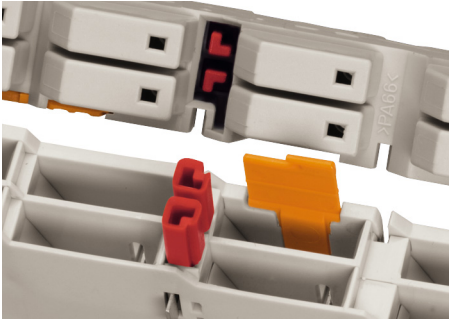


Figure 32: Coding Keys for Clear Assignment

Conductor Termination

7.1 Connect Conductor to CAGE CLAMP®

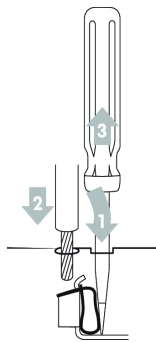
CAGE CLAMP®- and Push-in CAGE CLAMP® Connectors are designed for solid, stranded and fine-stranded conductors.

Solid, stranded and fine-stranded conductors are terminated by pushing them into Push-in CAGE CLAMP® Connectors. For all types of conductors, an operating tool must be used to open the Push-in CAGE CLAMP® and CAGE CLAMP®. Only 1 conductor may be connected to each clamping unit.

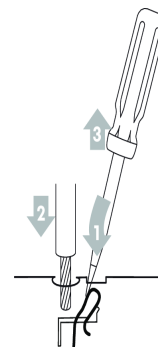
To connect a conductor, proceed as follows:

- ✓ You need an operating tool.
- 1. Insert the operating tool into the rectangular opening above the connection to open the CAGE CLAMP®.
- 2. Insert the conductor into the corresponding connection opening (round housing opening).
- 3. Remove the operating tool again to close CAGE CLAMP®.

⇒ The conductor is now securely clamped.



Connect a conductor to a CAGE CLAMP®.



Connect a conductor to a CAGE CLAMP®.


Decommissioning

8.1 Shutting Down

1. Bring the process to a secure stop.
 2. Disconnect the respective system component from the power supply.
 3. Check if the voltage is isolated.
 4. Protect the system component from accidental or unauthorized restart.
 5. Switch off any system and/or field supply to the node that is still connected. The order has no effect.
- ⇒ The node does not carry any power and the product can be dismantled ([🔗 Assembly and Disassembly \[▶ 43\]](#)).

8.2 Entsorgung und Recycling

Table 11: WEEE Mark

Logo	Description
	<p>Electrical and electronic equipment may not be disposed of with household waste. This also applies to products without this mark.</p>

Electrical and electronic equipment contain materials and substances that can be harmful to the environment and health. Electrical and electronic equipment must be disposed of properly after use. Environmentally friendly disposal benefits health, protects the environment from harmful substances in electrical and electronic equipment and enables sustainable and efficient use of resources.

- Observe national and local regulations for the disposal of batteries, packaging and electrical and electronic equipment.
- Clear any data stored on electrical and electronic equipment.
- Remove any batteries or memory cards installed in electrical and electronic equipment.
- Dispose of all types of packaging to ensure a high level of recovery, reuse and recycling.
- Have electrical and electronic equipment sent to a local collection point.
- The guidelines 2006/66/EG, PPWD 2018/852/EU and WEEE 2012/19/EU apply throughout Europe. National directives and laws may vary.

More information about this topic: [🔗 Product-Related Environmental Protection \[▶ 26\]](#)

Appendix

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9.2 Accessories

Table 12: Recommended accessories

Item No.	Item Description	Item Description
WAGO DIN-Rails		
210-1xx	DIN-rails	Steel bluish, galvanized, chromated; copper
Buffer		
787-8xx	Capacitive buffer modules	Capacitive buffer modules to bridge short-term voltage drops or load fluctuations and to establish an uninterruptible power supply

Item No.	Item Description	Item Description
Shielding Elements		
Shield Connection System, 790 Series	See product catalog	
End Stops		
249-1xx	Screwless End Stop	
Tool		
210-722	Operating tool set	Operating Tool Set with Partially Insulated Shaft
Test Probes		
735-500	Test pin	Ø 1 mm; with solder connection for test cable
859-500	Test pin	Ø 1 mm; with solder connection for test cable
Coding Keys		
753-150	Coding Keys	Coding elements (753 Series)
Marking System		
2009-145	Mini-WSB Inline	On reel; stretchable 5-5.2 mm; plain; snap-on type

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